جوردان تايمز يُومِّية سياسية يُصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والرايء

Beirut cierics propose beace plan BEIRUT (AP) — Rival Christian forces duelled with enortage and machine guns in east Beirut Wednesday as their religious leaders demanded an immediate crassfire in the one mouth showdown. Policy did not report any casualties from the intermittent exchange that covered Ashraflych, held by

casmatties from the intermittent exchange that covered Ashrafych, held by
the Lebanese Ferces militin under Samir Geogra, and the city's
southeastern edge, controlled by army General Michel Amm's troops. A
three-hour meeting by spiritual leaders of various Christian wets called for
a respected come-fire, the withdrawal of the rival farces to the garrisons,
reoperates of all roads, ending the vitrolic propagated came-fire, the withdrawal of the rival farces to the garrisons,
returning file to morand. The conferences, who sast at the seat of discounte
Catholic Patriarch Nasraliah Sfeir in Bhirki, north of Behret, called for the
initiation of a political dialogue between Aoan and Geogra after
implementation of the security arrangements. Geogra vowed in a star the
comply with the cheries' peace plan and said he hoped Aoan would obtain
suit. "We hope that a similar decision will be taken by the other si-re and
that the spiritual leaders will directly supervise the conduct of the plan,"
Geogra said. There was no immediate reaction from Aoan. Geagen said. There was no immediate reaction from Aoun.

Volume 15 Number 4329

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, MARCH 1-2, 1990, SHA'BAN 4-5, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Regent meets sports officials, team

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Wednesday met with executive committee members of the Tae-Kwon-Do and Karate Federation and listened to their views and urged them to exert further efforts in order to develop these games and further promote their standard. The Crown Prince also met with the Jordan national team that won the Arab Cooperanon Conneil marathon championship held in Baghdad and congratulated the winners.

U.N. revives Gulf peace bid

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar is to contact to iran and iraq to propose a two-month session of direct talks aimed at clearing the way for a permanent peace settlement between them. Perez de Cuellar outlined his proposal for another round of Iran-Iraq talks during private Security Council consulta-tions on Tuesday, but refused to provide details or a timetable. The 15-member Security Council issued a statement expressing support for Perez de Cuellar's efforts to restart the negotiations that bogged down in August 1988 soon after they began in Geneva. Perez de Cuellar and his special Shavoy, Swedish Ambessader Jaa K. Eliasson, have been unsuccessful in efforts to break the

Gandhi party heads for defeat

NEW DELHI (R) — Former Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Coegress Party appeared beaded for a crushing defeat Wednesday in state elections marred by vote-rigging and wide-spread violence that killed nearly 100 people (see page S). Votes were cast on Tuesday for eight of the country's 25 state assemblies. dhi's party, which controlled all eight states, was being routed.

Managua decrees ceasefire

MANAGUA (R) - Nicaragua's Sandinista government ordered an immediate ceasefire in the war with the U.S.-hacked contras Wednesday, adding to the pressure to dishand the rebei forces.
"The president of the republic has decided to order from today a unilateral halt to offensive military operations with the aim that the counter-revolutionary forces demobilise immediately." said a statement from President Daniel Ortega's office broadcast on progovernment Voice of Nicaragua radio. Ortega, whose leftist Sandinistas were crushed in Sunday's poils, has made clear that dis-Sanding contra forces based in Honduras is a key condition for a peaceful transition to the new government on April 25 (see page

israel devalues sheke!

TEL AVIV (R) — The Israeli shekel will be devalued by around six per cent, effective on March 1, to boost the economy and curb inflation, Finance Minister Shimon Peres announced Wednesday. He said that at the start of business on Friday the shekel would be pegged at 2.188 per cent unit of a dollar-dominated basket of currencies. Its exchange rate against individual currencies would be fixed later in the day, be said. israel's last devaluation was in June 1989, when the shekel was devalued by 4.2 per cent to 2014 to te dollar.

Washington mayor pleads not quilty

WASHINGTON (R) - The mayor of Washington, Marion Barry, pleaded not guilty Wednesday in federal court here to eight drug-related criminal charges. U.S. District Court ludge Thomas Jackson set June 4 for a trial date after Barry's lawyer R. Kenneth Mundy entered the pleas for the mayor to five charges of cocaine use in 1988 and 1989 and three charges of lying to a federal grand jury that he never used drugs.

King arrives in Abu Dhabi

Jordan and Qatar call for Arab summit on Soviet immigration ...

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein arrived in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Wednesday as part of a Gulf tour to discuss bilateral relations, the latest developments in the region and means to arrive at a unified Arab response to the exodus of Soviet Jews to Israel.

Just before the King arrived from Qatar, Moscow's ambassador to the UAE assured Arabs the Soviet Union would work to prevent the Jewish emigres from settling in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

A Qatari official said King Hussein and Sheikh Khalifa Ben Hamad Al Thani had called Wednesday for an nrgent Arab summit on the influx of Soviet Jews to Israel.

The Qatari News Agency (QNA) quoted the official as saying they wanted the meeting a adopt a "serious and effective position that responds to the present dangers,"

Sheikh Khalifa told King Hussein that the leaders of France and Britain support the Arab stand against the influx of Soviet
Jews into Israel, the news agency

The Qatari official did not give
a date for the summit which

The agency, quoting a high-level Qatari official, said Sheikh Khalifa communicated the outcome of his talks with French President Francois Mitterrand and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher particularly on the issue of Soviet Jewish immigra-

The emir "relayed to His Majesty their understanding and support of the Arab point of view," added the source.

The Saudi newspaper Al Sharq Al Aswat quoted sources in Cairo on Tuesday as saying the summit could follow Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak's visit to Moscow on March 19 to discuss the Arab concern with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

The official UAE news agency WAM said Ambassador Felix Fedotov had visited UAE Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Rashid Abduallah Al Nuaimi to affirm that Moscow would cooperate with Arab states to prevent a settlement in the occu-

would be the first meeting of the heads of state of the 22-member Arab League since last August.

The Qatari News Agency said King Hussein and Sheikh Khalifa accused Israel of planning to settle Jewish emigrants from the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe in the West Bank and

Gaza Strip.
This illegal act is bound to seriously complicate efforts to reach a comprehensive and lasting settlement to the Middle East issue and represents an aggression on Palestmian rights and a threat to national Arab security," the agency, received in Cyprus, quoted the official as saying.

Israel expects up to half a million Soviet Jews to arrive in the country in the next five years.

The King, who is accompanied by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Political Advi-sor Adnan Abu Odeb and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, was received upon arrival bere by UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan and

Palestinians strike to protest colsure of universities

OCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - Palestinians in Arab Jerusalem and the West Bank and Gaza Strip beld a suspected of collaborating with general strike Wednesday to protest at Israel's continued closure

Ignoring Arah and Western protests, Israel announced on Tuesday that it would keep the six universities in the occupied territories closed for at least three more months. They were shut shortly after the Palestinian uprising erupted in December 1987. Israel gave permission to 14 community colleges in the West

Bank to resume classes. Palestinians said merchants kept their shops closed and transport came to a halt in accordance with the strike call by underground leaders of the uprising.

Hundreds of Palestinians in a bomb was thrown at a parked car, West Bank village trampled, kicked and beat to death an Arab Israel, residents said on Wednesday.

The killing of Ali Asad Nasasvillage near Nabhus city was the second reported mob lynching in the 26-month-old revolt against Israeli occupation.

Residents said masked men carrying knives and axes abdneted Nasasrah, banished from Beit Furik in 1969 on suspicion he helped Israeb authorities, while he was in the village visiting

On Tuesday, about 200 Palestiman youths were detained by Israeli troops in the West Bank town of Ramallah after a fire-

reports said. The car, which had Israeli licence plates, was not damaged, they said. Military officials who insisted

on anonymity confirmed the incident but declined to say how rah, 42, on Tuesday in Beit Furik many youths were taken into custody.

Several hundred students staged sit-down demonstrations outside three offices of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to protest continued Israeli closure of Palestinian universities.

The protests in Arab Jerusalem and Ramallah passed without incident, anthorities said. The demonstration in Bethlehem was

(Continued from page 3)

Arab American concerns are heard in Congress, says Dole

By Resalind Mandine

WASHINGTON (USIA) Arab Americans are getting their voices heard and are changing attitudes about issues of concern to their community in the U.S. Congress, Senator Robert Dole told the eighth annual National Association of Arah Americans (NAAA) lobbying campaign and political action conference Tuesday.

"I believe you've made this much progress — the issues of your special concern are finally beginning to show up on scopes around Capitol Hill and around" Washington, Dole told NAAA participants in a lunebeon address. Dole is a Republican from Kansas and the Senate minority leader.

Conference participants spent over the world - must the Midthe day on Capitol Hill lobbying members of Congress and their staff on issues of concern.

In his address, Dole discussed foreign aid, Lebanon and the peace process - issues NAAA participants highlighted in their other meetings as well. Dole reaffirmed his proposal to

cut levels of foreign aid to earmarked countries, such as Israel and Egypt, by five per cent. "I hope that those of you who might see merit in what I have suggested will be active and aggressive in making your views known," he said.

On the peace process, Dole said, "It is time for all parties to quit stalling and nit-picking and start negotiating... we have negotiations and elections all

dle East be last?" Dole stressed that the United States "must see Lebanon as an important focus of our security attention - and not just a 'sideshow' to a broader Middle East settlement." Dole said he supports the appointment of a special envoy to Lebanon and called for the removal of all foreign forces from Lebanon.

Other members of Congress who attended the lunch included: Representatives Mary Rose Oakar, Democrat from Ohio; Nick Joe Rahall, Democrat from West Virginia; David Obey, Democrat from Wisconsin; Gerald Soloman, Republican from New York; Sherwood

(Continued from page 3)

Mandela: No early concessions

LUSAKA (Agencies) — Nelson Mandela Wednesday ruled ont early concessions by the African National Congress (ANC) to help President F.W. de Klerk fight off a right-wing backlash against reform of apartheid in South Africa.

Mandela, speaking at a news conference, rejected a suggestion by his host President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia that the ANC should help Klerk by suspending armed operations inside South Africa, although the ANC has in fact been quiet on that front for

some time. Kaunda, who welcomed Mandela to Lusaka Tuesday for a week of talks with foreign leaders and the exiled ANC, said de Klerk had to contend with a Innatic right-wing fringe" opposed to reform, and needed the gesture.

But Mandela gave a courteous and firm refusal, arguing that De Klerk's government, which unbanned the ANC Feb. 2, had not yet met the ANC's preconditions for talks.

"The simple position is that until South Africa complies with the preconditions we have set the ANC is not in the same position as the national party," he told reporters after meeting with seven African presidents and Commonwealth leaders in

Flanked by Kaunda, he said whatever political or security problems the government faced in South Africa, the ANC "cannot be expected to make any CODCESSIONS."

Mandela is in Zambia to confer with exiled ANC leaders at their external headquarters.

The veteran nationalist reiterated that the ANC was demanding the lifting of the state of emergency, the release of all political prisoners and a general amnesty for exiles selected to take part in preliminary talks with de Klerk

He said criles the ANC wanted

(Continued on page 5)



Jordanian entry wins air race

Immediately after the

announcement of the result of

the race, His Majesty King

Hussein sent a cable to the

craft's crew congratulating

them on their success. The

King said that he was deeply

proud of the achievement and

expressed appreciation for

The King said that the world

would remember that Jordan

took part in this race for the

PARIS (Agencies) — Saqr Al Urdun (Falcon of Jordan) the Royal Jordanian aircraft, has won the Malaysia International Air Race 1990. Its crew will receive a cash prize of 100,000 French francs at a ceremony to be held in Paris.

The race from Paris to Malaysia and hack to the French capital hegan last month and was conducted in stages, with Sagr Al Urdun nearly always in the lead. The Amman-Paris stage which was launched Tuesday involved participating crews and craft from Jordan and 10 other countries.

Upon landing in Paris the Jordanian crew were met hy Her Majesty Queen Noor, Royal Jordanian Director General Husam Abu Ghazaleh and His Majesty King Hussein's advisor on Tourism and Civil Aviation Affairs Ali

efforts made by the organisers and those wbo provided assistance to the crew, including RJ staff, the Arah Wings and the Royal Falcons.

first time and achieved a great

The flight from Amman to Paris was described by Captain Erie Ledger as hectic since the craft encountered high winds and storms, specially over Italy and Switzerland.

Ledger described the climatic

plane to land in Geneva for some time for refuelling. Despite the delays, he said, Sagr Al Urdun achieved victory. Upon leaving Amman for Paris Sagr Al Urdun was in the lead by two hours and 30 minutes. When Sagr Al Urdun stop-

condition in Europe at the time

as a real nightmare, forcing the

ped in Amman, its crew were visited by King Hussein who also met with members of an international commission which oranised the race. While in Jordan the crews of other aircraft taking part in the race were taken on a tourist trip to archaeological and tourist

A press statement released in Amman Wednesday said that a press conference will be held Friday at Amman airport at which the crew of the winning craft will discuss the various stages of the race.

Jordan gets JD 49m Japanese

loam AMMAN (J.T.) — Tadavuki Nonoyama, amhassador of Japan, and Awni Masri, minister of planning. Wednesday ex-changed notes committing the government of Japan to extend to the government of Jordan a concessional loan up to JD 49 million t\$73 million), for Jordan's reform programme of the educational

and training system. Terms for this loan are quite concessional, carrying the annual interest rate of 2.9 per cent with a repayment period of 25 years including 7 years grace period. according to a statement issued by the Japanese embassy in

The educational reform programme is to improve the quality of basic and secondary education, and to strengthen educational institutions, facilities and opera-

It includes such programmes as curriculum and textbook development, teacher and supervisory staff training, educational technology and facility improvement, vocational training and educational research and de-

velopment. Japan bas so far extended to Jordan four loans for telecommunication expansion projects, three loans for dam construction and irrigation projects and a loan for road improvement project. The cumulative total of the loans extended from Japan to Jordan amounts to approximately JD 345 million or (\$512) million, the embassy statement said.

Japan has also offered a number of grants and technical coopcration to Jordan, it added.

Peres doubts Shamir can accept U.S. proposals

I'EL AVIV (Agencies) — Vice-Premier Shimon Peres said Wednesday he doubts whether Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, facing stiff resistance within his right-wing Likud bloc, can accept U.S.-backed compromises aimed at starting talks with Palestinians.

Peres, head of the Labour Party, spoke in an interview with the Associated Press amid a widening rebellion against Shamir among Likud hardliners.

Former Industry Minister Ariel Sharon, who quit the cabinet two weeks ago to protest Shamir's policies, has threatened to convene Likud's decision-making central committee next week without the prime minister's con-

Other Likud legislators said they would support a vote of no confidence against Shamir in parliament if he agrees to a U.S.-backed formula that would involve Palestinians from Arah Jerusalem or expelled Palestinians in peace talks.

Asked if be thought Shamir could overcome the differences and move Middle East peace efforts ahead by accepting compromises proposed by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker, Peres said: "I have my doubts." Baker has been attempting to bridge differences between Israel and Palestinians over the com-

position of a Palestinian delega tion for preliminary talks in Cairo.

The talks are to focus on Israel's plan for elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip that would lead to limited self-rule for 1.7 million Palestinians in the occupied lands. Peres, whose party agrees to Baker's suggestions, has given

Shamir a March 7 deadline to approve them. We are nearing the real decision now," Peres said. "In a week or so we shall see what is hap-

pening. He described the current crisis as "more serious than previous ones" and added: "From the Likud point of view, they bave reached the point where they

have to make up their mind." Peres indicated that Labour would leave its coalition with Likud and try to form a new government with smaller religious and left-wing parties if Likud continues to halk at peace

efforts. Asked whether be was ready to form a new cabinet, Peres said. "Maybe, I don't exclude it." The Hadashot daily quoted Peres as telling party activists Tuesday that be could put together a narrow government

(Continued on page 5)

House panel completes Yarmouk investigations

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN -- A committee of the Lower House of Parliament has completed its investigations into student clashes which occurred at Yarmouk University late last year and will present its report to the full House in 10 days, according to the committee's chairman, Fares Al Nabulsi.

Nabulsi, a deputy from Amman, told the Jordan Times that the committee visited the university campus Wednesday and met with University President Ali Mahafza and took testimony from students.

Meanwhile, the financial committee of the House met Wednesday and formed a sub-committee to conduct a full investigation into Jordan's debts as well as corruption in the Kingdom, the Jordan News Agency, Petra reported.

The committee will conduct a probe and submit a report and will also suggest recommendations, it said.

The meeting of the Financial Committee came one day after the House held a closed session for a close scrutiny of the committee's work. The committee came under criticism during the session for its failure to achieve progress the session.

Fares Al Nabu

in the task of investigating the Kingdom's economic crisis which surfaced in 1988, according to informed sources.

The sources said the committee was given a two-week period to present a report on its findings to the full Houe.

The Upper House of Parbament said Weonesday its Financial Committee would meet Sunday to discuss Jordan's loan agreements and the 1990 budget, which was referred to it after approval by the Lower House

earlier this month. The Lower House will meet Saturday under the chairmanship of its speaker, Suleiman Arar, "to discuss several important issues," Petra said. The agency added that Cabinet ministers were expected to be present at

Jordan begins exports of flowers

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The first shipment of Jordanian-produced cut flowers to the Federal Republic of Germany was flown to Cologne Tuesday as Jordanian agricultural and flower producers stepped up an intensive campaign to export their goods to the European Community (EC).

A container of fresh cut flowers, most of which are presently out of season in other flower producing countries, was loaded on to a Royal Jordanian carrier marking the first time the Kingdom has exported flowers to West Germany, according to Mohammad Awamleh, of the Cut Flowers Producers Cooperative Asso-

"There have been individual efforts in the past to export Jordanian flowers to EC coun-

ciation.

tries, but this time it is a combined effort," Awamleh told the Jordan Times. "After attending the Green Week in Berlin in February, a lot of contacts were made and possibilities for exports studied... as far as export of fresh cut flowers is concerned this is the first move we bave made since coming back from Germany," he

Seven types of flowers made up the flower shipment. They were carnations, fresia, gypsophilla, gladiola, saphendar, cypara and amortail. Awamleh explained that each type of flower could have variations depending on where they are grown. "Right now, we want to create a demand for our flowers simply by putting them on the market," he said. Awamleh admitted that actual profits on the first few shipments could be minimal but stressed that the

"important thing is to get our flowers on big international markets, so that the importers can develop a taste for them. He said that the air freight charged by Royal Jordanian was JD 1.100 per kilo because their shipment had failed to

meet the minimum required

weight of 45 kilogrammes for

air freight by the airliner. "Our shipment was approximately 22 kilos and thus did not meet the hasic requirement. Had we met the requirement the freight should have been JD 0.320 per kijo," Awamleh

said. Another consignment of fresh cut flowers is awaiting approval from Stockholm for shipment, according to

Awamleh. Israel, which, according to some flower growers, has less land available to grow flowers than Jordan, exports approximately \$55 million worth of cut flowers to the EC countries every year. Informed sources say that this year that figure could go up to \$120 million.

Vegetable, fruit exports

While fresh flowers are one concern of Jordanian exporters. fruits and vegetables are another. Jordanian exporters are expected to deliver four containers of Jordanian produce within the next month, according to Awamleh, who is also head of the marketing extension department of the Agricultural Marketing Organisa-

tion (AMO). "We are awaiting the trans port of four containers of veget ables - three with tomatoes and one with mixed vegetables in March," Awamleh said.

(Continued from page 3)

Damascus rules out East **European-style changes**

z Al Assad has ruled out any ast European style political and economic changes for Syria and said it would continue to develop its own brand of socialism.

In his first comments on the winds of change sweeping Eastern Europe, Assad told a group of retiring parliamentary deputies: "socialism is not intended to oppress others. It is intended to remove oppression from the

oppressed."
"I do not want to say that we are practising the freedoms we want. We always want more," he

"We do not do anything be-cause others are doing it. We do it when we are convinced that it reflects our belief and benefits our people... we do not do any-thing under the pressure of certain circumstances or at the suggestion of anyone."

But he said he wished the countries of Eastern Europe well and hoped relations with them would remain strong.

Assad's comments to deputies

government official's prediction

that 230,000 Soviet Jews could

immigrate to Israel this year

heightened fears Wednesday that

Israel was unprepared for the

immigrants on their way," read a

hanner headline in the Hebrew

The Hebrew daily Maariv and state-run Israel Radio noted that

the new figure heightened confu-

sion over immigration estimates

since most officials are predicting

that about 100,000 Soviet Jews

Even this number could be a

problem, because Israel has

geared up to receive only half that total.

The higher prediction came from Yasha Kazakov, deputy

head of the liaison bureau, a

once-secret government depart-

ment that deals with Soviet Jew-

gure Tuesday to a group of direc-

tors of government ministries that

Hadashot said he gave the fi-

Maariv said he thought 50,000

Soviet Jews would arrive by June,

an additional 120,000 in the sum-

mer and 60,000 more in the last

ry, Israeli media said.

handle immigration.

will immigrate this year.

"Panic: A quarter-million new

influx.

daily Hadashot.

TEL AVIV (AP) — A senior four months.

DA) ASCUS (R) — President who ended their four-year term Monday were carried by Syria's official news agency and reported Wednesday in local newspapers.

Moscow's staunchest Arab ally and a strong opponent of Israel, Assad, 59, has wielded power in Syria with an iron fist since taking over the country in a bloodless coup in 1970. He has also made Damascus a key factor in any eventual Middle East settlement.

The president said Syria's ties with the Soviet Union, its main arms supplier, were strong and unchanged.

"I want to confirm that everything between us and the Soviet Union is going on with the spirit of friendship and strong ties, which you know was existing for many years."

Some Western diplomats in the Middle East, however, expect Moscow to cut back its aid to Middle East clients as political and economic restructuring takes effect at home.

Assad told the deputies that if Syria had bent to internal or external pressures, this would

Israeli officials expect 230,000

Soviet Jewish immigrants in '90

The projections were based on

the possibility of increased migra-tion via the existing routes

through Romania and Hungary

and new exit rontes through Czechoslovakia, Finland and Po-

bers we were in a state of shock,"

Ephraim Cohen, deputy director

of the Absorption Ministry, told

Maariv, "There was silence in the

So far this year, 9,441 Soviet Jews have arrived, joining more

than 12,000 who immigrated in

The upsurge in Soviet Jewish

emigration comes as a result of

more liberal Soviet emigration

policies and U.S. visa restric-

Israel's immigration predic-

tions have raised eyebrows in

some quarters. Gennady Zhurav-

lev, the Soviet ambassador in

Egypt, charged Monday that

Israel was deliberately overesti-

mating the number of Soviet Jews

it expects to get more aid from the United States and other

Peretz, speaking Wednesday

Israel Army Radio in a telephone

Absorption Minister Yitzhak

When he pulled out the num-

land, Maariv said.

hall."

have happened long ago.
"We searched and will continue to search for improvements and to benefit from the experiences of other peoples. But we take our circumstances into consideration and act according to our will and choice."

"We will develop what we feel needs to be developed and what we feel will benefit our people and country," he said. Diplomats said a congress in

March or early April of Assad's Baath Arab Socialist Party would discuss how to develop the Baath led five-party raling coalition to give more say to other parties. Referring to the country's economic structure, Assad said Syria had three sectors, the public, the private and the joint public-private sectors

.. we will continue to encourage these three sectors and there is an urgent need to rally all our people's resources in serving the development of this country," be

"We built a political, party and popular system which we are

interview from New York, said it

was hard to predict immigration

to 150,000 will come with God's

help, but there may be surprises

and many more may come," he

Peretz did not say whether his

figures referred only to Soviet

Jews or included immigrants from

He said he was visiting the

United States to try to get more

help from American Jewry for

the Jewish people, we will not be able to fulfil this historic mis-

sion," Peretz said. Meanwhile, Uri Gordon, head

of the Immigration Department

at the Jewish Agency, a quasi-

governmental body that deals

with immigrants, demanded that

Israel declare a state of emergen-

cy to deal with the Soviet immig-

"We witness an historical mo-

ment," Gordon said. "It does not

matter whether he expect 100,000

or 200,000. Masses of Jews could

come. Hundreds arrive every

night. ... this obliges us to declare

an emergency situation and set

different priorities."

"Without a massive help from

other countries as well.

"Undoubtedly, at least 120,000

accurately.



Hafez Al Assad satisfied with. We did not build it

to rule despotically. The one who wants despotic rule would not build on such a base." We are not afraid of freedom

but we are very afraid of the loss of freedom," Assad added.

We do not have differences on this, but we are always searching for a formula (to practise freedom). Freedom would not mean anything if it was not accompanied by the formula for

U.N. issues implied rebuke after Denktash statement

UNITED NATIONS (R) - A U.N. spokesman issued an implied rebuke late Tuesday to Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash for having commented publicly on talks under way here on the future of Cyprus and for giving an incomplete version of a statement by Secretary General

Javier Perez de Cuellar. Without mentioning Denktash by name, the U.N. spokesman alluded to remarks made to reporters by the Turkish Cypriot leader, who said the secretary general had "for the first time in the history of the United Na-tions... underlined that there are two politically equal communities in Cyprus and that the problem is not between a majority and

minority." This was "a very big step in the right direction," Denkissh had added, before entering a second day of meeting with Cypriot President George Vassilion and Perez de Cuellar:

In his statement about seven hours later, the U.N. spokesman said that when the talks opened 'Monday, "the secretary general leaders and he refrain from making any public statement about the talks while they are in prog-

The spokesman added: "At that meeting, the secretary gener-al made a lengthy and detailed opening statement which cannot usefully be paraphrased or quoted out of context."

The spokesman declined to elaborate on his statement, drafted by a senior U.N. official directly involved in the talks and apparently prompted by the Greek Cypriot side, angered by Denktash's public remarks.

Members of Vassiliou's party had told reporters several hours in advance that the spokesman was about to issue such a rebuke.

The talks here, which continued Wednesday, aim af reunit-ing the divided mediterranean island under a federal system. Cyprus has been virtually partitioned since troops from Turkey occupied the northern part of the island in 1974 after a coup in

Algeria silent over steps to free hostages ALGIERS (AP) — The govern-ment refused to disclose what has come to release them.

steps it might be taking Wednesday in connection with the release of foreign hostages held in Lebanon.

"We are always ready to do as much work as we did in the past for the release of hostages, provided both parties are in agreement," a government spokesman said on condition of anonymity.

Success in any negotiations require secrecy, the spokesman said, and declined to confirm a newspaper report that contacts are under way to win the release of the 18 captives.

The leading Arab newspaper Al Hayat, published in London, reported Tuesday that discussion between the United States, Iran and Syria aimed at freeing the hostages have been making prog-

The ebanese newspaper said the high-level contacts in Geneva between U.S. and Iranian officials had made "positive results."

The newspaper quoted Algerian sources as saying that contacts were in place through nondiplomatic organisations and that Algeria was helping in the pro-

In Washington, the White House and State Department denied reports of secret talks in Geneva, which have surfaced be-

But White House Press Secretary Martin Fitzwater did not rule out that the hostage issue was under dicussion, stressing there were no face-to-face negotiations.

Algeria played a leading role in negotiations between the United States and Iran for the release in 1981 of the 52 American hostages held at the U.S. embassy in Tehran.

One of the junior officials in those negotiations was Robert Ross, now the U.S. ambassador to Algeria. On Wednesday, he met his usual practice of refusing to comment on the hostage situa-

The 18 captives are believed held by groups loyal to Hizbollah. a radical Shi'ite Muslim organisa tion with strong ties to Iran. PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and others have said that the key to any hostage release lies in

Al Hayat quoted unidentified political, militia and religious sources in Beirut as saying that Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani had convinced the groups Lebanon.

The hostages include Terry Anderson, chief Middle East correspondent for the Associated Press, and Terry Waite, special envoy of Anglican Archbishop of Canterbury Robert Runcie, who was kidnapped while trying to win the release of other captives.
In all, eight Americans, four.
Britons, two West Germans, two
Swiss, an Italian and an Irishman are believed held histage in

Anderson, the songest-held of the captives, was Lidnapped in Beirut on March 16, 1985. Last month, a Kuwaiti news-

Lebanon.

paper, Al Qabas, said "an American personality" had met in Geneva with a representative of Rafsanjani to discuss the hostage issue. None of those supposedly involved was identified.

'France promised money for hostages'

Meanwhile the French newspaper Liheration reported Wednesday that the French government apparently reneged on a promise to pay \$3 million to a representative of the Lebanese kidnappers who agreed to free the three remaining French hostages in 1988.

The newspaper said the failure

to pay the money to Sheikh Abdul Monem Zein, a Lebaneseborn Shi'ite Muslim religious leader in Dakar, Senegal, could have been the motive for last September's bombing of a Parisbound UTA flight, in which 171 people died.

Jacques Chirac, who was premier at the time of the negotiations that led to the May 1988 hostage release, denied the Liberation report.

"France never promised nor paid the smallest sum in exchange for the release of the hostages, Chirac said Wednesday on Europe radio. "I was premier. I take the responsibility to say there never were negotiations involving this Sheikh Zein, who I never heard of before.

Liberation said French officials operating under the direction of then-Interior Minister Charles Pasqua apparently pursued two sets of negotiations at the same time - one with the Iranian and Syrian governments and one with Sheikh Zein, who had close contacts with the Shi'ite extremists holding the French captives in

Sister of hostage says U.S., Syria and Iran cooperating

LONDON (AP) — The sister of all envoy, Terry Waite, is among the longest-held Western hostage the 18 Western hostages. in Lebanon was expected to end a "humanitarian pilgrimage" to Europe and the Middle East Wednesday optimistic that the United States, Syria and Iran are cooperating with the aim of re-

leasing all the captives.
"I think that this is the beginning of the end," said Peggy Say, sister of Terry Anderson, 42, chief Middle East correspondent of the Associated Press.

"There was almost, if not 100 per cent, agreement among everybody that I talked to that the timing seems to be right," she said in a British Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) Television interview Wednesday.

Mrs. Say was to conclude her 21/2 week trip with a meeting with the Archbishop of Canterbury, Robert Runcie, followed by a private dinner with families of British hostages and Scottish relatives of American hostage Tho"It might not happen tomor-

row," Mrs. Say said. "It might not happen next week, but when it bappens, I believe it's going to be all of them, and I would rather see all the hostages come out next month than see Terry Anderson come out today alone."

For the first time since her brother was kidnapped in Muslim west Beirut on March 16, 1985, Mrs. Say said she believes the three key nations were cooperating in trying to free the 18 Wes-terners held in Lebanon.

There had to be the U.S. Syria and Iran. It had to be a cooperative effort and I feel that it is, given that nothing happens to interfere with it," she said in an interview Tuesday night. "We've got all the components here. Given that everything stays on track, I feel it will end, as other people say to me, sooner rather than later."

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Syrian, Egyptian aides discuss ties

DAMASCUS (R) — Egypt's Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid telephoned his Syrian counterpart Farouk Al Shara to discuss ties between the two countries. The official Syrian News Agency (SANA) said the call was made Tuesday night but gave no further details of the issues discussed. The conversation was the first contact between the two ministers since the restoration of diplomatic ties last December after a 12 year break.

Tunisia blames militants for unrest

TUNIS (R) — Tunisian Prime Minister Hamed Karoubi has blamed the country's Islamic movement for a wave of student nnrest. Police detained at least 595 students last week when Islamic militants occupied 10 university buildings to press authorities to withdraw police from campuses, drop plans to move an Islamic law institute and reinstate students suspended earlier in the academic year. "All these arguments are no more than pretexts and behind the troubles at the university there are secret political designs," Karoubi told a meeting of the ruling party Tuesday night. "No one has the right to jeopardise the future of the rising generations by using religion for political ends," he said. Karoubi said 391 of the arrested students have been drafted into the army and the other 204 released. The Islamist-dominated Tunisian General Students' Union has said 400 students were still held out of 700 it said were arrested. On Wednesday the union said police had since picked up other students for questioning. Karoubi said the decision to move the institute to new premises was temporary and it would eventually be housed near Tunis's ancient Zaitouna Mosque, "a site which will be the pride of the

Burning tanker towed out of Gulf

DUBAI (R) — A blazing U.S.-flagged Kuwaiti tanker full of volatile naphtha was towed out of the Gulf overnight away from busy shipping lanes, the owners said Wednesday. The products carrier Surf City exploded last Thursday 30 miles off the United Arab Emirates killing two of its American crew. The blast appeared to be internal. Chesapeake Shipping said in a statement Wednesday that it believed the fires raging on the 69,991-tonneship could be put out and the vessel salvaged but the nature of the highly-inflammable cargo meant the outcome was unpredictable. The owners have said that there was no major threat of sea pollution because the cargo was burning itself away.

Canadian sentenced in Iran arms case

CORPUS CHRISTI, Texas (R) — A Canadian man was sentenced to a year in prison and fined \$5,000 in U.S. federal court for conspiracy and money laundering in connection with illegal arms sales to Iran. Ronald Arah, 52, of Vancouver, pleaded guilty last autumn to conspiracy and money laundering charges after he, his wife Eileen and Swedish businessman Kart Erik Nissen were caught last spring at the airport here with parts for F-4C Phantom jets intended for shipment to Iran. Nissen, a 62-year-old businessmen from Norrkoping, Sweden, was sent-enced Monday to 44 months in jail and fined \$10,000 for his part in the attempted sales, which are prohibited under U.S. law. Eileen Arab, 52, was put on probation under a plea bargain reached with prosecutors last December. Ronald Arab, as part of his plea bargain, testified against Nissen in a trial last November, disputing the Swede's contention he did not know be was breaking U.S. export laws. Nissen was convicted of conspiracy, money laundering, and illegally exporting arms.

Polisario warns of Moroccan attacks

TINDOUF, Algeria (R) — The leader of Polisario guerrillas fighting for the independence of Western Sahara told his people to prepare for fierce Moroccan attacks in the next two years. Mohammad Abdul Aziz, secretary-general of the Polisario Front, told the closing session of a Saharan Women's Conference Morocco had decided to mobilise all efforts to extinguish the Saharan cause. "You could be the target of the worst attacks over the next two years. The king has decided to mobilise all his potential to end Saharan efforts for national independence," he Abdul Aziz was addres ng several hundred Saharan wome and foreign visitors assembled in a desert refugee camp in south western Algeria. Algeria backed the Polisario before a 1988 rapprochement with Morocco.

Iran denies differences over Rushdie

NICOSIA (R) - All Iranian leaders, including the president, support an order for Muslims to kill British author Salman Rushdie, Iran's top judge said in remarks reported by Tehran Radio Wednesday. Comments hy President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani in a Friday prayer semon on Feb. 16 that the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's decree ordering Rushdie's killing could be disputed and debated by senior Islamie scholars led to speculation that he was seeking to weaken the order. Tehran Radio, monitored in Nicosia, said Iran's head of judiciary Ayatollah Mohammad Yazdi told a meeting of senior judges Tuesday that Western media reports of splits over the Khomeini's order were wrong.

Veiavati begins African tour

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati left for Ghana Wednesday on the first leg of a five-nation African tour, the Iranian News Agency IRNA reported. It said Velayati would also visit Senegal, Mali, Sierra Leone and Nigeria during his week-long trip. Iran's Islamic leaders have expanded Tehran's ties with many African countries as part of a policy of strengthening relations with the Third World.

after failure of Armenian resolution ANKARA (Agencies) — Turkey 75th anniversary of the Armenian said Wednesday it would review genocide of 1915-1923. Fifty-one measures it had taken against the senators voted against. A similar

Turkey assesses anti-U.S. measures

Western nations.

United States after the U.S. Senate blocked a resolution saying Armenians were victims of genocide early this century.

"The measures taken against the United States are now being assessed. Our final assessment will be clear within two or three days," Foreign Ministry spokesman Murat Sungar said. Ankara imposed limited curbs

on U.S. activities in NATOmember Turkey, affecting flight training and navy visits, after the Armenian resolution was proposed by Senate Republican leader Robert Dole late last year.

The resolution, regarded by Ankara as untrue and deeply offensive and is also opposed by the Bush administration, calls for April 24,1990, to be a national day of "remembrance" on the vote last week tied at 49-49. Successive Turkish govern-

tory," a Foreign Ministry statement said. "We appreciate that the Senate did not want to take a of duty."

resolution might pass if it was presented to Congress again. Ankara has said that if the

ments have denied accusations were victims of genocide during and after World War I.

Sungar said that in reviewing

that up to 1.5 million Armenians "It is the duty of historians and

scientists to analyse and evaluate events which occurred in hisresponsibility which is not its area

anti-U.S. measures Turkey would consider the possibility that the

resolution was passed, its ties with Washington could be affected, threatening a pact under

which U.S. troops are stationed in Turkey in return for aid.

In Washington, Dole said he's not giving up his effort to mark the deaths of Armenians during in the reign of the Ottoman Empire. Dole said Tuesday that he

might introduce the controversial resolution in another form. Opponents in the Senate

argued that the resolution could seriously jeopardise U.S. relations with Turkey. Dole said Americans of Armenian heritage deserved to be rec-

ognised for their suffering, and

called the resolution a human rights issue. Dole mustered only 48 of the 60 votes needed to cut off a filibuster, or unlimited debate. led by Senator Robert Byrd and get the resolution formally before the Senate.

mas Sutherland. Runcie's person-

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 Koran .. Programme review Children programme . Book of Adventure 15:45 17:10 18:00 18:20 19:00 19:40 20:00 20:30 News for the Deaf eligious programs Health programs Programme review . Local series 21:30 nme review Local programme Arabic film News in Arabic 22-20

Tel Pere Tel Fils 18:30 19:00 .. News in French 19:15 19:45 Varieties 29:00 29:30 News in Arabic A Different World
... NBA Basketball News in English
Feature film PRAYER TIMES

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. Church vs. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757
Terrananta Church Tel. 622366
Terrananta Church Tel. 622366 923341.
Anglicas Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.
Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephrain Church Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church Tel. 827981, 685326. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817 and 654932.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

The Kingdom will be affected by a could front. Thus, clouds increase gradually and rain will fall in various parts of the Kingdom. Winds will be southwesterly fresh, causing dust in the eastern and southern regions. In Aqaba, possible scattered showers are expected in the arternoon and winds will be southerly moderate and sea rough.

rate and sea rough.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 14, Aqaba 23. Framidity readings: Amman 41 per cent, Aqaba 30 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** MUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Ali As'ad 826763 Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad . . 819925 . 896294 Dr. Mohammad Khalil First pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy 778336 Nairoukh pharmac 623672 DIAMES.

Dr. Ma'n Barquwi EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate

Highway Police
Traffic Police
Public Security Department 605800 897467 787111 (directory assistance) ... Central Amman Telephone 623101 66110 773111 Water Authority
Jordan Electricity Authority
Electric Power

HOSPITALS AMMAN: . 669131 . 845845 The Ishapic, Abdali 666127/37

Al-Ahli, Abdali

Italian, Al-Muhajroca 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Zarua Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarua National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sian Hospital (09)996732 RMD: Princest Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital ... (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

> This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)33200-5, where it should slwsys be verified. ARRIVALS

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 69:36 10:00 10:30 New Delhi (RJ)
Abu Diabi, Bahrain Kuwak
(RJ)

... Larmea (RJ) ... Baghdad (RJ) Amsterdam (RJ) lanca, Tunis (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Dubei EK 15:30 19:40 19:25 Prenkfurt II Y Zurich, Lamers (NE)
Cairo (ME)
London (RA) 21:05 21:05 DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

12:15 . Paris RJ 19:40 20:20 20:30 20:45 21:15 . Cairo [RJ]

ားက သည်။ သည် သည် ရှေ့ ရှိမေသည်မြဲချာက မရုံးမြော့န်းသြည်း မောင်းချိုင်းမှု အောင် မိုးမြော**ိမင်း**မော်များကို မြောင်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သြန်းမြောက်သည်။

21:30 . Knala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ) FOR FRIDAY Other Flights (Terminal (2) JORDAN TELEVISION

Frankfart (LH)
Riyadh (SV)
Baghdad (IA)
Bahrain, Missat (GF)
Kuwait (KU) PROGRAMME ONE 10:00 10:15 11:20 . Ankara, Istanbul (TK)
Danuacus, Dubai (EK)
Cairo (MS)

14:50 15:00 15:30 16:30 21:55

Dates .

Orange (Shame Pepper (bot) Pepper (sweet) ... Potaso Raddish

Children programme Religious programme Friday's prayer Sports programme Religious seminar Feature film MARKET PRICES Message from Oman Uppersower price in fils per kg. Local programme Local programme Programme review News in Arabic 900 / 800 70 / 40 200 / 150 Arabic series Carrot . 70 / 40 180 / 140 23:00 News summary in Arabic Castific Corp ... 23:10 PROGRAMME TWO 17:00 Des Chiffres Et de Lettres 17:30 220 / 180 Grapefruit 240 / 200 200 / 170 120 / 80 20:00 20:30 21:10 Marrow (large)
Marrow (small) 180 / 150 290 / 240 Ozioa (dry) Ozioa (greca) . 260 / 220 200 / 160

340 / 300

850 / 750 700 / 600

190 / 150

120 / 80

130 / 100

Prench film News in French News in Hebrew News in Ambic Coach
Thirty Something
News in English
First Among Equals PRAYER TIMES 04:42 05:59 17:37

Tel: 773111-19

(عملة ا صند الأصل

AMMAN (Petra) — The private sector's contribution to the implementation of the 1986-1990 five year development plan did not exceed 30 per cent in the past year although this sector has the potential to play a very important role in the development of the national economy, complained Dr. Abdullah Abu Ayyash, director of regional planning at the

Ministry of Planning. "The private sector in Jordan can and should play a major role to help the country carry out its economic adjustment programme which is being spearheaded by the public sector to stimulate the national economy," said Abu Ayyash at a meeting attended by the heads of five committees in charge of regional planning for the Amman area.

The private sector is invited to complement the efforts of the government to put the economy on the right track through new investments that would bring in more income and improve the country's balance of payments, Abu Ayyash said.

All sectors are required to contribute since the task is a national one," he added.

His views are echoed by Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin, who urged individuals and private organisations to increase their investments in smallscale projects.

"The present economic difficulties in Jordan makes it imperative on all sectors to cooperate fully and to follow a new constructive course that would ensure the best exploitation of the available resources," Amin said at the meeting.

The meeting reviewed programmes for 1990 and analysed the achievements of the past four

Agricultural committee

Mifleh Al Odetallah, chairman of the agricultural committee, presented a report on the agricultural situation in the Amman region. He urged the concerned authorities to speed up enactment of legislations that would ensure proper use and protection of

He called on the armed forces, students at schools and universities, the Public Security Department (PSD) and other organisations to actively participate in the country's afforestation projects.

The report also recommended that measures be taken to halt encroachment on farmland by construction operations which reduce the amount of arable and productive land.

It suggested the formation of a specialised farmers association that can handle the process of importing farming requirements and marketing of products.

The participants reviewed a report by the industrial committee which pointed out several problems in the industrial sector. The report called industrialists to diversify and upgrade the quality of their manufactured products. It also called for increased cooperation beteen the private and public sectors to reduce unemployment. The report proposed ideas about dealing with environmental pollu-

tion and industrial security.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Abdul Karim Al Dughmi has issued a circular

extending the time allowed for acquiring trades licences until the

end of March. The measure is designed to give concerned people

CAIRO (J.T.) - Jordan will be one of four Arab countries which

will be visited by an Egyptian economic and industrial delegation

in mid-March to discuss joint ventures, according to a senior

official here. Engineer Adel Al Danaf, who heads the state's

industrial corporation, was quoted as saying that the delegation

would be visiting Saudi Arabia, Jordan, Kuwait and the United

Arab Emirates (UAE) to discuss prospects for attracting investors

in a steel plant project expected to be set up in Egypt. He said that

the \$120 million project would have a capacity of producing

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Amman chapter of the American-Arab

Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) will hold its annual fund-raising dinner at the Intercontinental Hotel Saturday, March

3, under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor Al Hussein.

The dinner commemorates the 10th anniversary of the associa-

tion. Former U.S. Senator James Abourezk will also be in attendance. All proceeds from the dinner, priced at \$1000 a

AMMAN (Petra) - United Nations Regional Advisor for

combatting Crime Pedro David arrived in Amman Wednesday on

a several-day visit to Jordan. He will visit rehabilitation centres.

AMMAN (J.T.) — On March 1, 1990, all employees of the Marriott who smoke will voluntarily give up smoking for the day and donate the price of the cigarettes they would have smoked to the National Jordanian Anti-Smoking Society. The Marriott staff

have all volunteered to join in on the annual no smoking day, held

support the health consciousness and awareness programmes

University spends JD 300,000 on staff health

AMMAN (J.T.) — University of Jordan President Mahmoud

Samra has said that the university spends JD 300,000 a year as

contribution to medical services provided to its employees. He added, during a meeting with university staff Wednesday, that the university is keen to provide quality services to its employees, including medical and life insurance.

for the second time this year, as part of a continuing effort to

ADC chapter plans intifada dinner

couple, will go towards supporting the intifada.

U.N. anti-crime expert arrives

No smoking day at hotel

sponsored by the government.

Trade licence deadline extended

Egypt seeks Arab-Investment

extra time so as to avoid paying fines.

120,000 tonnes of steel annually.

Commercial committee

The commercial committee's report outlined the difficulties encountered in trade, referring in particular to local and international events which have contribotted to the aggravation of these problems. The report presented ideas to relp boost free trade and

reactivate the national economy. The report proposed more facilities and tax exemptions, called for supporting the private sector to invest capital in commercial schemes, and urged the govern-ment to provide for transport and communication that facilitate these efforts.

The infrastructure committee's report proposed that priority should now be given to telephone services in areas lacking them including Hay Nazzal, Al Mar-rikkh and Jabel Al Akhdar and Abdoun. It also called for installation of more post office boxes at post offices to facilitate communication services

A report by the social services sector committee urged the con-cerned aothorities to launch training courses for workers who could take over jobs from non-Jordanians, and to expand the base of vocational training for highschool graduates. The report also urged more attention be given to primary health care services to reduce the pressure on hospitals run by the National

Medical Institution (NMI). The housing committee report stressed the need to reduce the cost of home construction, and urged authorities to encourage

traditional building designs that are in harmony with the Arab and

Arabisation of army marked

AMMAN (J.T.) - Today is the 34th anniversary of the Arabisa-tion of the Jordanian Armed Forces upon orders from His Majesty King Hussein.

The King ordered the termination of the services of General John Glubb, as commander of the Armed Forces, and said that Jordanian officers should take up the command of the Kingdom's Armed Forces.

view of the ongoing Arab-Israeli conflict and the dangers that Israel's occupation of Palestine posed to the Arab Nation. It also came as a manifestation of Jordan's desire to rid itself of foreign

domination. Since March 1, 1956, King Hussein has continually worked towards strengthening the Armed Forces and has made all efforts to ensure they are provided with the most up to date weapons required for defending the homeland.

On the occasion of the anniversary, Chief of Staff General Fathi Abo Taleb Wednesday sent a cable to the King conveying the congratulations of the Armed Forces. He said that the King's "historic decision came amid difficult and crucial circumstances in the Arab World and crowning the struggle of the vanguards who led the Great Arab Revolt and sought to uphold its principles and to

achieve its mission." Abu Taleb said that the Armed Forces take pride in serving under the King and reiterated their allegiance to the throne.

Jordan. Svria discuss cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and Syria Wednesday began a series of meetings to discuss ways for promoting cooperation in industrial fields under resolutions adopted by the Joint Syrian-Jordanian Higher Committee last

month. The two sides led by Syrian Minister of Industry Antoine Jubran and his Jordanian counterpart Ziyad Fariz discussed areas where joint industrial schemes can be launched and also reviewed exchanges of manufac-

tured goods. Fariz said at the opening session that these steps were essential to stimulate the national economies of the two countries. "We are trying to open new channels for cooperation in industry and industrial coordination." Fariz said at the meeting. Jubran said industrial cooperation was a key element for Arab economic integration and also essential for development in Jordan and Syria. | people to their homes, and that

as well as to increase awareness of the importance of air

AMMAN - Air pollution in Jordan may not be as critical as in the heavily industrialised countries of the West, but environmentalists are concerned over areas such as Zarqa, Aqaba and downtown Amman because the level of pollution in those areas exceeds internationally accepted standards.

By Nar Sati Special to the Jordan Times

A three-day workshop was held in Amman this week to discuss the issue and seek means and ways to keep the pollution level in check. Among the issues discussed at the workshop, held at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), were air pollution monitoring, standards and specifications as well as health hazards.

Arab and foreign representatives from Syria, Kuwait, Egypt, Canada and the U.S. in addition to delegates from Arab universities and research centres and institutions con-. cerned with the environment attended the three-day work-

shop.

The objectives of the workshop was to review activities, obstacles and research efforts undertaken in the Middle East region and to discuss and analyse procedures to set national air pollution standards pollution menitoring on a global level.

According to Ayman Al Hassan, from the Environmental Research Centre at the RSS, several surveys were conducted in different parts of the country in the past few years. One of the surveys took place between 1986-1989 to establish a baseline information oo the extent of air pollution and to obtain the necessary data for the development of air quality standards for urban areas in Jordan. Hassan said that with this base, the RSS consulted with foreign environmentalists at this workshop to help Jordan design a strategy suitable to local needs.

The survey, which was conducted by seven technicians, chemists and engineers from the Environmental Research Centre, bad monitors in Jubeiha, a sparsely populated and clean area, in downtown Amman to measure traffic emissions at the city ceotre, and in Marka, in eastern Amman which represents a re-sidential area with light in-

According to Hassan, the study revealed that nitrogen oxide, carbon monoxide and

sulphur dioxide concentrations were very high in different parts of the city, "but particularly in the downtown area, the concentrations were higher than international standards."

Air pollution levels worry environmentalists

He explained that the area is a restricted-ventilation area where the mass pollution is trapped because the town is surrounded by hills and there are heavy and continuous traffic congestions throughout the year.

According to the survey which was announced at the workshop, the highest levels of sulphur dioxide were recorded during the rush hours in the morning and evening. Hassan added that weekends and cold climate tend to encourage the level of sulphur. Environmentalists maintain

that if measures are not taken soon, the extremely high concentratiun of such particles could cause detrimental health effects damagiog peoples lungs, throats and eyes. Such pollution has been in the area for a long time and residents have been raising complaints on and off over unhealth air, experts said.

Dr. Dan Kelley, Canadian science and engineer adviser at the Department of Environment, said that although residents may feel irritated now, pollution also has long-term effects. Therefore, health expertees and planners, environmentalists and policy-makers must get together now to design strategy to conquer pollu-

Hassan said that the surveys were not sufficient and a broader iovestigatioo was needed before the issue could be addressed in all its aspects.

While downtown Amman is mainly endangered by traffic congestions, there are other areas of major concern to environmentalists. After a one year study in Zarqa in 1989, it was found that high levels of hydrogen sulphide polluted the air, according to Nageh Akeel, air pollution and hazardous material divisioo manager at the RSS.

Akeel said that the main sources of pollution in the Zarga area were the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company, the Khirbet Al Samra Waste Water Treatment Plant, and the Al Hussein Thermal Power Station. According to the survey, out of 195 observations about 51 exceeded internationally accepted standards which are about 0.06 particles per million (PPM), while the Zarqa area recorded 0.32

Akeel said that residents often complain about difficulty in breathing in Al Hasbemiyeb, a town in Zarga which is adjacent to the three plants.

According to bealth specialists, high doses of bydrogeo sulphide produce severe effects on the nervous and respiratory systems and to wildlife.

Akeel added that there is a lot more work to do becaose what was discovered so far is little compared to the other pollutants that "we do not know about yet that are harmful to health and wildlife." According to surveys, the

Jordan Petroleum Refinery and Al Hussein Thermal Power Station emit around 27,000 tonnes of sulpbur every year. (Hussein plant alone emits 15,000 tonnes yearly).

Akeel also expressed con-

cern over the Aqaha port where large amounts of fuel oil are consumed. Fuel oil contains about four per cent sulphur.

Akeel said that a way must be found to minimise the sulphur coosumptioo. "This workshop should enable us to come up with a oatiooal stan-dard and cooduct more indepth research to tackle this critical problem," he said.

Group urges Palestinian universities be reopened

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Association of Arab Universities (AAU) Wednesday urged international organisations to end Israel's arbitrary actions against Palestinian universities, and appealed for help to reopen these institutions, closed since the start of the uprising in the occupied Arab territories in December 1987.

AAU secretary-general Mohammad Dughaim sent cables to United Nations Secretary

General Javier Perez de Cuellar and to the director of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-ESCO) in Paris urging speedy action to reopen the universities.

"We strongly condemn the unjustified closure of Palestinian universities and other institutions of higher education by the Israeli occupying authorities and requestyour excellencies to use your good offices to secure the reopening of Palestinian universities and other institutions," said Dughaim in the cables.

He said Palestinian studeots should be allowed to enjoy basic buman rights in acquiring knowledge in peace and dignity.

The appeal followed Tuesday's

reports from the occupied Arab territories which quoted Israeli spokesman for the civil administratioo as saying that universities would be kept closed for at least to demand that the six Arah

three more mooths, despite Arab and Western protests.

The decision defied repeated protests by the European Com-munity, which had threatened to suspend scientifie cooperation with Israeli universities over the

Students held sit-ins at educational institutions across the occupied West Bank earlier in the day

universities in the occupied territories be reopeoed.

Israel, claiming that the campuses were ceotres of unrest. closed them immediately after the uprising erupted in December

According to earlier reports, students occupied the Red Cross office in Ramallah and similar demonstrations were reported by Palestiniaus in Jerusalem and

Experts stress Jordan's need to focus on exports, manufacturing

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Writer.

AMMAN -- Jordanian trade relations should be expected to change significantly in the 1990s, transforming Jordan from an import-oriented country to a state manufacturing and exporting goods and services, according to members of the Jordanian-Scandinavian Businessmen Association (Scanclub), at a yearly club function last week.

"If Jordanians concentrate oo developing small-scale industries, develop their marketing techniques and infrastructure and have confidence in their ability to produce and export locally-made products, then the transformation from a service and importoriented society to a manufacturing and export-oriented society will be relatively easy, said Peter

Andersen, from the Royal Danish Commerical Office, who is an active member of Scanclub. Scancinb President Khaled Nabghali told a group of Jordanian and Scandinavian businessmen based in Amman that "Jordan must change and will-change from trading into production... to fight off the burden which has been put on its economy." In his capacity as a member of

Scanclub, Andersen presented some of his thoughts as to how Jordanians could belp themselves to build a more feasible infrastructure for industrial successes. Andersen stressed the import-

ance of small-scale industries which would serve local and international markets. "Industries comprised of six-15 people make up 70 per cent of the Danish industries," he said. "These industries export goods because Denmark'a local market, like that of Jordan, is small. The point is that such operations do not need millions of dinars. They need only JD 100,000 - 200,000 to begin with," he pointed out.
He believes that while Jordan's

large publicly-owned industries

such as the fertiliser, potash and cement factories employ thousands of people they also need heavy investment which is not feasible for everyone interested in establishing an industry.

"The message is that production possibilities in Jordan are almost limitless and the neonle have the education to do it, so let them go ahead. Invest, find out what's needed in the international market and build your little

industry," he said.
One of the steps the government could take, Andersen said is to cut tariffs on raw materials needed by local industries.

"If the people with the money doo't make thing happen in the business and industrial sectors then the brain drain in Jordan will increase and so will the country's problems," said Andersen.

Outside investment

Although most grants and ments grow," Andersen said.

funds made available by foreign institutions and governments are aimed at the public sector, Anderson believes they have not been taken advantage of to the fullest.

"Jordan is getting a lot of interest-free loans and grants from all over the world and maybe they d be used to encourage public sector as well. Small industries are not a taboo for anyone,

He said that while foreigners had been willing to invest in Jordan for a long time, Jordanians had not seized that full opportunities to take full advantage of what was being offered to

"Jordanians have to know that foreigners need incentives to invest in Jordan. No-one has to invest in this country but many are willing and able. All we ask is that Jordanians meet us half way. Pass some encouraging invest-ment laws and watch the invest-

Tourism ventures with Canada in offing

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Canadian delegation led by the undersecretary for tourism in the state of Alberta will pay a visit to Jordan to discuss the prospects of launching joint tourist ventures. according to a statement here Wednesday.

The statement, issued after a meeting between Minister of Tourism Abdul Karim Al Kabariti and Michael Bell. Canada's ambassador here, said that the delegation would discuss a strategy for marketing Jordan's

The dispatch of this delegation to help Jordan is seeo by observers as in keeping with a stand expressed by Canada's Foreign Minister Joe Clark in October

last year. During His Majesty King Hussein's visit to Canada, Clark paid tribute to Jordan's development over the years.

(Continued from page 1)

broken up by soldiers firing teargas, and six students were arrested, reports said.

The six Palestinian universities have been closed by army orders for two years.

Tourist stabbed A 58-year-old British tourist

was stabbed in the back Wednesday as he walked alone in the West Bank town of Hebron, Israeli hospital officials said. Israel Radio said the man was found by the side of a road with a knife in his back by a Jewish

settler who lives near Hebron and rushed to hospital in Jerusalem. Ruth Mekel, the hospital's spokeswoman, said the man was in moderate conditioo after surgery to repair the knife wound and damage to one lung.

Neither the hospital nor officials at the British consulate would release the victim's name, saying his family had not yet been notified.

It was unclear what the man was doing alone in Hebron, which has been the site of repeated clashes between Palestinians, Jewish settlers and Israeli troops. Attacks on foreigners have

been rare during the uprising. Since the rebellion began in December 1987, three foreigners have been killed, all in an attack attack.

on a bus last July. Thirteen Israelis were also killed in the bus The army said Hebron was put under a curiew, which confines

search and arrest operations were under way. Army officials declined to say how many people were detained.

Houses destroyed

Israeli troops destroyed five houses in the occupied territories Wednesday to punish the families of Palestinian activists accused of anti-Israeli crimes.

The house demolitions occurred despite repeated criticism from the United States and hnman rights groups that Israel's policy of destroying and sealing houses constitutes collective punishment.

The U.S. State Department said in its human rights report released Feb. 20 that "the United States believes demolition and sealing as punishment families contravenes the Fourth Geneva Convention."

The convention, to which Israel is a signatory, regulates the rights and treatment of people under occupation. One of the homes blown up, in

the Jabaliya refugee camp in the Gaza Strip, belonged to 60-year-old Abdul Raoof Mabhouh and included two other apartments housing a total of 35 people, reports said. The army said Mabhouh's son

Mahmud, 30, was wanted in con-

nection with the kidnapping of two Israeli soldiers last year. Military officials who insisted on anonymity said Mahmud was a member of the Islamic fundamentalist Hamas movement and is believed to have fled to Egypt.

Jordan begins exports of flowers

(Continued from page 1)

"What is special about the consignment is that it is a combined effort of exporters who are private sector prodocers, and AMO, which is a government

in the past relations between the government sector and the agricultural community were often strained and recent moves

agency," he pointed out.

Awamleh stressed that while

indicated that relations were being reestablished.

"Agriculture is very important to Jordan. At present approximately 12 per cent of Jordanian exports are agricultural exports and they could increase easily if Jordanian agricultoral exporters work

together," Awamleh said. He said that Jordanian vegetable exports worldwide amounted to 350,000 tounes in the 1986-87 seasoo and increased to 580,000 tonnes in the 1988-89 season. Vegetable exports to EC countries during

the same period increased from

380 tonnes to 2,000 tonnes. Israel, a main vegetable and fruits exporter to EC countries. exports \$150 million worth of fruits and vegetables to West Germany every year.

Arab American voice heard, Dole says

(Continued from page 1)

Boehlert, Republican from New York: Joe Kennedy, Democrat from Massachusetts; and Howard Nielsen, Republican from Utah. During a session on Lebanon,

David Newton, director of the office of Jordan, Lebanon, Syria and Palestinian affairs at the Denartment of State, said the United States strongly supports the legitimate government of President Elias Hrawi in Lebanon.

On the issue of arms flows from other countries into Lebanon. Newton said, "Everybody should do everything that can be done to keep arms out." Asked whether the United States will send a special envoy to Lebanon, Newton said, "I don't see a lot to be

gained by a special envoy."
Priorities for the United States in Lebanon should be to "get Israel out of Lebanon and with the Soviet Union, impose an embargo on arms flowing into Lebanon," James Zogby, the executive director of the Arab

American Institute, told participants. "The best key to American intentions in Lebanon is to make it clear to Israel that it must leave Lebanon," Zogby said.
On the question of the Middle

East peace process, Peter Eicher, deputy director of the Office of Egyptian Affairs at the State Department, said that "advancing the peace process is a high foreign policy priority for the Bush administration."

Despite political constraints faced by all parties, the peace process "continues to show vitality," Eicher stressed. The United States "will continue to be steady, and to press Israelis and Palestinians into a structured dialogue, elections and negotia-tions."

William Quandt, senior fellow at the Brookings Institution, outlined positive and negative elements to the peace process. He noted "virtual Arab unanimity in support of the two-state solution" as a positive point. He under- to mount," Quandt stressed.

scored the "remarkable degree of political realism" displayed by the Palestinians in accepting the gradual approach to the peace process. Quandt noted that public opinion polls in Israel and the United States demonstrate increased support in Arab and Jewish communities for reconcilia-

On the negative side, Quandt pointed to the "stalemate in the Israeli body politic, making it impossible to make conclusions on policy." Soviet Jewish emigration to Israel may also contribute to "less inclination to territorial compromise by the Israeli government," he said. He questioned whether the Palestinian support for restraint will continue without progress in the peace process. There are "signs of movement towards a more mili-

tant alternative," he said. "The passage of time does not work in favour of success in the peace process. Things will get worse, and human costs continue

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions. EXMIRETIONS * An exhibition of posters entitled "The Legacy of Martin Luther

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

King, Jr." at Yarmonk University. * An exhibition of oils and watercolours by Jordanian artist Yousef Baddawi at the gallery, Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental - 9:00 а.т. - 7:00 р.т.

POETRY RECITAL

.. Royal Cultural Centre — 7:00 p.m.

... = 7

* Pactry recital by Jordanian poets Haidar Mahmond and Khaled Mhadin at the Royal Cultural Centre — 6:90 p.m.

FILM * Feature film entitled "All About Eve" at the American Centre — 7:00 р.т.

 \dot{x} Lecture on archaeology in Jordan and the Arab Peninsula at the

Palestinians stage strike

By Marwan Muasher

LauNeled 1974

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan,

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Teles, 21497 ALRAI JC

Facsimile: 661242 The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising races are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Shuffling the feet, but where to

THE LATEST flurry of diplomatic and political activities in Washington, Tel Aviv and Cairo seem to suggest that a breakthrough on Israeli-Palestinan talks is imminent. What propelled this guarded optimism is the growing signals emanating from Israel that the government there is on the verge of accepting the U.S. proposal for an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue. If this expectation actually materialises, it will mean that American policy in the Middle East has scored a first strike, especially if this projected Israeli acceptance of dialogue is paralleled by a unified Palestinian acceptance of the U.S. terms for such talks.

Yet, there is fear that all the aptimism generated by these early developments is premature. To begin with, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir is again having cold feet on the prospects of Israeli-Palestinian negotiations. Judging by his record, both recent and ancient, there is nothing that Shamir dreads more than dealing with the Palestinian side head on for fear that such negotiations would come to fruition. Shamir clearly feels more comfortable when chances are nil for peace talks with the Palestinian side. What is even more formidable is the fact that any such Palestinian-Israeli talks would necessarily take a long and tortuous road before they can be expected to produce real results. It is one thing to start such a dialogue and quite another to end it on positive and fair terms. Thus far there are no indicators from Israel that suggest that either the Labour or Likud parties have reconciled themselves to the proposition that Israel has to yield to the "peace for territories formula" before there can be genuine and lasting peace between it and its neighbours.

Nevertheless, there is no good purpose that can be served by pouring cold water on the prospects of peace talks in the Middle East. While it is too early to pin much hopes on the U.S. proposal getting the parties concerned anywhere, it is premature to forecast gloom and doom in the o search for peace. One thing, however, is sure: Time is ticking away very fast and playing well into the hands of extremism on both sides of the fence, Maybe Shamir has won his first round with Sharon, Levy and Modai, but there is no sure way to foretell the consequences of the next rounds between him and the extremists on his side of the fence. On the Arab side, it is a foregone conclusion that holding peace in abeyance in the Middle East for much longer would reap wonders for Arab extremism as well. That is why time is not on the side of peace in the Middle East and the sooner the Palestinian conflict is brought to a peaceful and just resolution the better it would be far all concerned. There remains, however, no escape from convening an international conference on peace in the Middle East. Preliminary talks between the Palestinians and Israelis can take and should take place. But, at one stage or another, such negotiations need to be incorporated into the negotiations on the broader Arab-Israeli conflict where the U.N. Security Council would also have an opportunity to guarantee the ontcome of the Arab-Israeli negotiations for all times. Anything less than that would simply be self-defeating for all

Jordan Press Editorials

King Hussein will no doubt try through his current tour in the Gulf states to bolster ties between the Gulf Cooperation Conneil (GCC) and the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC), said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Wednesday. The paper said this is a natural endeavour in view of the grave dangers and challenges facing the Arab World at the moment, and as the need for collective Arab action is growing every day. The Arab Nation in general and the ACC and GCC blocs in particular possess vast potentials which can serve as a tool for joint action to deal with the common threats, the paper continued. It said that the Jewish influx into Palestine is no doubt at the top of priorities for the nation, since it is an issue that concerns all Arabs and not only Jordan and the Palestinians. Therefore, said the paper, there is no alternative to collective efforts and a firm stand at this crucial moment in Arab history and there is no alternative to a united and strong Arab Nation which does not only deal with this important issue but can take the Arabs into the 21 first century.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily Wednesday calls on the Ministry of Labour to put an end to irresponsible action by employers who desperately try to secure the employment of non-Jordanians to work for them at a lower salary and under more difficult conditions. Salah Abdul Samad says that some employers put up misleading advertisements in the local press, requesting workers to carry out such jobs as cleaning and handling, and at the same time demand that the applicants should have completed their secondary education and carry Tawjihi certificates. The writer notes that such jobs do not require any certificates or degrees; and the employers realise in advance that no people with certifi ites would come forth to take up these occupations. After failing

receive applications under these terms, he says, these employe. call on the Ministry of Labour to allow them to employ non-Jordanians since they received no applications from Jordanian workers for the same occupations.

At Destour daily criticises Israel for dragging its feet to a meetin; that would group the foreign ministers of Israel, the United State, and Egypt and which had been scheduled a long time ago. The paper said it seems that Israel is delaying any diplomatic initiative that has to do with the Middle East and is trying to stall any moves to hold elections in the occupied territories, as the projected meeting was hoping to achieve. We are led to believe now that Shamir does not want other parties' ideas on future peace but rather he wants to have his own way; and elections that serve Israel's purpose and no others, the paper said. We do not believe that a meeting between the three countries' foreign ministers requires so much time to prepare for, nor do we believe that the three ministers will arrive at a decision ensuring Israel's total withdrawal from Arab lands, the paper continued. **Talking Straight**

Witch-hunting spells disaster

ABOUT a year ago, the government issued a military decree closing down all moneychangers in the country for what it called speculation on the dinar by them which led to the economic crisis the country was going through. Almost immediately, our press jumped on the wagon and published all kinds of articles supporting the government's position and even going beyond it, accusing moneychangers with every atrocity in the book. Two months later, the government collapsed, the country woke up to the fact that the economic crisis was much larger than anybody thought, and by the passage of time, it became apparent to everybody that no particular group or business sector alone could have been responsible for the crisis. It even became apparent that the largest factor responsible for our deep economic crisis was mismanagement by all successive governments who would oot take the necessary measures to prevent the problem from happening. Today, the public mood is even sympathetic for the return of moneychangers who were made scapegoats. The prevailing feeling is that they were grossly mistreated by closing their businesses, for over a year now, and that they already should

have been allowed to resume their operations. Two weeks ago the Ministry of Labour issued a directive which has effectively banned foreign workers in Jordan from renewing their licenses except in certain sectors of the economy. Again, the press immediately and blindly jumped on the wagon, and, together with the ministry, reduced the whole problem of unemployment to blaming those "greedy businessmen" who refuse to employ Jordanians and who mistreat foreigners. No attempt was even made to look at the issue from all sides and to deal with it rationally. The scapegoat mentality again ruled our behaviour.

Through the first and second examples, our society has also been faced with a new phenomenon, that of underground leaflets accusing just about everybody in society with corruption. When they first appeared, the justification was that lack of freedoms had left people with no choice hut to resort to these practices in order to voice their grievances. Today, with freedoms restored, leaflets have not only continued to appear, but have also dropped to such a low level of what can only be described as soum that people are reading them for amusement rather than as outlets agreest

The list is long, but I do not need to go any further to claim that we are engaging ourselves in a process of national witch-hunting. No two people would differ that today we face severe difficulties, on top of which is our present economic crisis. There are two alternatives we can opt for to deal with this crisis, however. We can choose the easy way out, like we have been doing, and look for scapegoats to cover our own impotence, or we can join hands in studying the causes of the problem and work together to overcome it. This is the more difficult, bot more productive, and ultimately rewarding option. It is a national tragedy that both the government and the press, despite the vast changes they both experienced in personalities and outlooks over the past year, appear to have chosen the first course. It is a course that evades the real issues by directing society's energies at jumping at each other's throats instead of looking at the overall picture in an analytical way and suggesting proper solutions. It is a course, I am afraid, that could lead to disaster.

It does not take a world-class economist to realise that one of the most important factors in any economic recovery we hope to achieve is private investment. This investment does not come

about because of an emotional appeal by the government to its people. Rather, it is the product of a process of confidencebuilding, a healthy atmosphere nourished by the government through a package of consistent and clear policies, and supported by the private sector.

The need for society to work as a team has never been more evident as now. Instead, we have managed to draw a rift between the private and public sectors that has never been as wide. To the public, the private sector is today synonymous with greed, and special interests. Likewise, the public sector is synonymous with corruption, inefficiency, inconsistency, impotence.

These feelings have no doubt been nourished by greedy, inefficient, corrupt, inconsistent practices oo both sides. What I am afraid of is that they are turning into a pattern of policies taken from institutions rather than individual actions. What is also aggravating the problem is that the press is not playing a positive role here. For whatever historical reasons, our press has not developed to the point where it can analytically look at issues, truly allow a debate where all sides are represented, and present a realistic situation so that the public mood can be affected

Today, instead of creating an atmosphere of trust that would bring the private and public sectors closer together, we have collectively been responsible for drawing them further apart. We can go on with this process of witch hunting, and while believing we are doing the public good ruin the country, or we can stop and take a deep look at measures we can take that would allow us to truly join forces, in action and not in words, to get out of the crisis. History provides us with examples of nations which have followed both courses of action. The choice is ours.

LETTERS

Clarification

To the Editor:

In accordance with the freedom of the press, we would be grateful if you published the following in clarification of the report concerning the "Unaccounted U.S.\$22.5 million Petra Bank deal surfaces," published on the front page of your newspaper dated Feb. 15-16 1990.

We would obviously like the following clarification to be printed in the same place as the above-mentioned report. The previous Petra Bank management had discounted promissory notes with foreign banks totalling U.S.\$22.5 million

detailed as follows:

1. On Dec. 22, 1988, three promissory notes were discounted for a total of U.S.\$7.5 million. The net proceeds of these were credited to the Petra Bank account with Mantrust Co., New York per attached bank credit note.

2. On Jan. 23, 1989, six promissory notes were discounted for a total of US\$15 million. The net proceeds of these were also credited to the Petra Bank account with Mantrust Co. New York per attached credit note.

We are surprised that your so-called "informed sources" did not mention this fact. Furthermore your so-called "informed sources" at the bank should not have leaked such biased information at this time.

These promissory notes are binding on the Petra Bank regardless of who represents the management. It is our firm belief that the "informed sources" at the bank, in leaking such failure in meeting their obligations in this case.

The bank in fact engaged in such trade operations extensively in the past several years totalling hundreds of millions of dollars with the knowledge of the Central Bank of Jordan. This method of funding trade is considered normal procedure in international banking.

Ahmad Chalabi

Editor's note: The above letter was facsimiled to the Jordan Times. The writer did not include his address in it.

Great country

To the Editor:

1 ARRIVED eight days ago, a guest of your country, sponsored by the United States government to complete a 21-day mission to teach and improve basketball in Jordan. What a wonderful eight days it has been, I arrived knowing little about your country, but in a very short time I have come to love and respect your people. You are a kind, educated people who show a profound love for your King and a deep respect for visitors and each other. As a guest in homes, or being in constant contact with people of all ages, I now have oothing but respect for your beautiful country and its rich traditions. You are a justly proud people. Having spent a great deal of time with the youth of the nation I can assure you your country is in good hands for decades to come.

I come a stranger but in 13 days I will leave a friend. Upon return to the United States, I will proclaim to all I meet, the greatness, beauty and kindness I found across the ocean in the land called Jordan.

> Coach John Weinert Bowling Greene University, U.S.A.

Make haste slowly

To the Editor.

OUR hasty reaction to the Soviet decision regarding Soviet Jews and their mass immigration to Israel is again a manifestation of our naivety and superficial treatment of the sudden challenges we usually face.

We have made a loud noise that was echoed by many of our supporters; but have we come up with a pragmatic and practical Don't we deceive ourselves and walk into the set trap when we

portray the whole problem as a fear that the mass of the arriving Soviet Jews will settle in our occupied territories? This portrayal helped our enemies to neutralise the problem. The Israeli government declared that it has no plans to settle Soviet Jews in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The Americans are

is doing the same. The rest of the world will be satisfied if the newcomers are settled only in pre-1967 Israeli held areas. Assuming this demand has been strictly adhered to what will prevent the Soviet Jews from displacing an equal willing number of non-Soviet Israelis from Tel Aviv or other Israeli towns to the occupied land? The result is the same. More Israeli expansion, more Palestinian suffering, more hatred and less chances for

demanding assurances from Israel to the same effect. The USSR

Why don't we rethink our strategies?
Why don't we follow Benjamin Franklin's saying "Make haste

M. Abu Saud

Romanian ideological guru looks at revolution's roots, impact

By Edith M. Lederer The Associated Press

BUCHAREST, Romania - Silviu Brucan put it in writing two years ago: by 1990, he predicted, a new generation would be leading the Eastern bloc.

As he watched the dominoes tumble in Eastern Europe last year, the Stalinist turned dissident feared be had been wrong about his own country.

"When December came I got frightened that I have only one month. And when Dec. 22 came, I was relieved," he said, smiling broadly. "We did it."

Brucan's position in Romania is unique: the "eminence grise" of the National Salvation Front. which took power in the revolution. He resigned from its executive bureau but remains in his old large office advising on key issues and plotting the front's campaign for the May 20 general election.

Two months after the popular uprising that ended the 24-year dictatorship of Nicolae Ceausescu, Brucan said, the Romanian revolution is having its own impact on the two Communist giants, the Soviet Union and

In China, he said, millions of people whose democratic uprising in Tiananmen Square last summer was put down by the Chinese army are fixated on the success of the people's revolt in Romania that had the support from the

army.

"It's a Romanian obsession in China, and that will topple them

(the Communists)," Brucan said in a recent interview.

And not only in China, I think it affected, perhaps even more so, the Soviet Unioo.' Before December's revolution,

he said, the decisions of the last Soviet Communist Party Central Committee, including relinquishing its monpoly on power, "were inconceivable." The 74-year-old Brucan has

been a journalist, academic and ambassador to the United States from 1956-59 and the United Nations from 1959-62. Once a Stalinist and ranking party member, he broke with Ceanseson in 1965. He was placed under house arrest in March 1989 with five

other Romanians who signed an open letter criticising the dic-

Brucan's re-emergence in re-volutionary Romania has been controversial

Stalinist, but Brucan says he rejected Stalinism long ago, and describes himself as committed to multiparty democracy.

Communist parties in Eastern Europe "are doomed to extinction," he says, by a scientific and technological revolution that has created distinct social groups and virtually destroyed the working class which has been their base of

In a prophetic article published in 1987 in the Boston monthly worldpaper (CQ) and reprinted in the International Herald Tribune, he foresaw the collapse of the East bloc dictatorships.

"Conservative leaders clinging to economic orthodoxy face a formidable challenge that is bound to accelerate the changing of the guard. By 1990 a new. political generation will be in command all over Eastern Europe," he wrote.

He theorised that the economies of the Soviet Union, Poland and Hungary would be governed by the market, that Czechoslovakia and Bulgaria were moving cautiously in that direction, and that Romania "will have no choice" because of the integration of the East bloc economies.

But Brucan said the power behind Romania's revolution was totally unexpected...

"I didn't expect a popular ex-plosion of such magnitude, especially I didn't expect the youth in Romania to have such a high political and civic conscience," he

As he watched the rise of Soli-darity in Poland and signs of democratisation in other East bloc countries, Brucan said his main concern was trying to keep from being killed by Ceausescu. After criticising Ceansescu

over his brutal suppression of riots in Brasov in 1987, Bracan was put under house arrest. In October 1988, quite unexpectedly, he was offered a passport to go to the United States.

Fearing a trap, he said be decided to stop in London and Moscow as well "and make my name known so much internationally that the price of killing me was so high that Ceausescu

could oot pay."

Pressure from the United States, Britain and Soviet Union saved him from arrest on his return bome in late November 1988, he said.

During his stopover in Mos-cow, Brucan said the Soviets made "a very reluctant" promise of support should Ceausescu fall. But he vehemently denied that there had been a conspiracy at topple the dictator, calling such reports in the Western press

"If there was a plot and we succeed... don't you think we should have boasted about it and made political capital about it?" he asked. "It would have strengthened considerably our legitimacy - and political modesty bas no place, particularly at a time of revolution."

The front, a group of 150 intellectuals, workers and dissidents, at first pledged to stay out of the election but reversed itself last month. Daily demonstrations culminated in the front's agreement three weeks ago to share power with 37 political parties in a council of national unity until the

The most difficult thing since the revolution, Brucan said, "was to convince people to share pow-er with the other political parties and to get acros the point... that a strong opposition is essential in a democracy. That is now

Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp



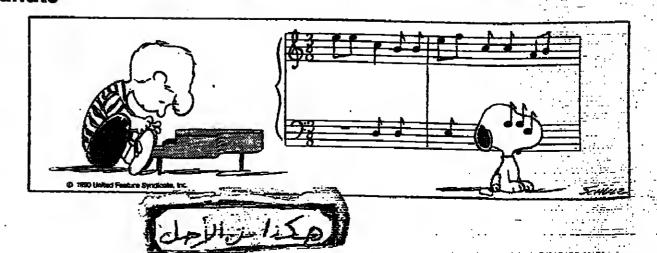






74277 AM

Peanuts



Applying and reapplying for U.S. visas

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A long line of peo-ple waiting patiently in front of the American embassy has almost become a landmark in Jabal Amman, raising curiosity among many passers-by. But for those who know, the people lined up have only one thing in mind obtain an American visa, whether tourist, immigrant, business or

People start gathering in front of the American mission as early as seven in the morning on every week day, huddling in the cold, clutching documents and passports, and await their turn to enter the building and present their case.

Some of them are lucky to get a visa at the first try, and others return there with whatever papers they did not have when they first applied. Still others leave totally disappointed, never to

"My first application was turned down," said Wahid Hus-sein Ali Hussein, a mechanic.

ac

"Now I am armed with all the plicant for a tourist or business papers they wanted: an employment certificate, a bank statement and a copy of my em-ployers' license for an electrical maintenance shop," he told the Jordan Times as he waited for his

Mohammad Ali Oheidi. another youth standing next to Hussein, was upbeat, although be did not know if he would be among the lucky ones to get a visa

By and large, these sentiments were echoed by most of the peo-ple in the line. For many, an American visa represents "an escape, a refuge and a chance to make better money," summed up a middle-aged man who said he was a businessman but declined to be named.

According to an official at the American consulate, there is always a sound reason why visa applications are turned down.
"The applicants have to prove to the consul that they qualify for a visa according to the parameters laid down by American law," he said. First and foremost, the ap-

visa has to show evidence that be or she intends to return to Jordan after the visit; a bank statement, real estate documents or certificates attesting that he or she holds a steady jobd in Jordan.

Many voiced complaints that the passports of rejected visa applicants were stamped by the consulate indicating that the holder's visa application has been yrned down. "This makes it difficult to reapply," commented a young girl who declined to be named

But the consulate official, who spoke to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity, said the procedure of stamping the passport was legal under international law and that "an applicant can reapply; the refusal of an earlier application does not prejudice a second one.

According to the official, approximately 26,000 Jordanians were issued tourist visas to the U.S. last year.

Immigrants Immigrants visas represent a

has as many as seven nurses.

The restructuring of the gov-eroment's secrecy policy is closely connected with the USSR's fore-

even years ahead and winding through bureaucracy and "dozens and dozens of official docnments," said a woman applicant.

Mariam Subhi and her hus-

band, a truck driver, said they had applied for immigrant visas so that they could work in the U.S. and "make more money." Saud Al Manaseer, a schoolteacher with a degree in telecommunications, wants to emigrate because "the economic situation in Jordan is bad. I want to get a iob in the U.S. as well as pursue

higher education." Jihan Al Hindi said she wanted to join her family members who already hold "green cards" in the

The consulate official said the number of immigrant applica-tions rose from 1,300 in 1983 to 1,600 in 1989, not a dramatic increase despite a steady rise in people seeking to emigrate to the U.S. as reported by independent

"We have been working on a

totally different story starting special job skills," said the consu-from applications filed months or late official. "Nationality is not an issue," he said referring to a quota system introduced in 1967 to replace an earlier system in force since 1952 and based on nationality. "The only limitation on nationality is that no more than 40,000 people from one country can emigrate to the U.S.

in one year," the official added.

The only exception, it will appear, is Soviets. According to the American ambassador to Jordan, Roscoe Suddarth, the quota for Soviet immigrants for fiscal 1990 (October 1989 to September 1990) is 50,000, which could be raised by 20,000 under a parole and immigration programme and by another 30,000 under proposed legislation. The ambassador released these figures at a recent meeting with a group of Jorda-nian activists who complained that American restrictions were forcing Soviet Jewish emigres to go to Israel and the occupied territories.

Six or seven countries, includmg the Philippines, India, Mexico system of family reunification and and Jamaica, have reached the 40,000-per-year immigrant quota limit, but "none of the Arab countries has reached this mark," the consulate official told the Jordan Times.

No onotas are imposed on tourist visas, he added. But be could not provide comparative statistics from other countries.

Students visas represent another category. Every application should be accompanied by a valid acceptance certificate commonly known as Form I 20 from an acredited American university or college, and evidence that the applicant has sufficient financial means to pay for the expenses of his/her education. In addition, the applicant should also have an "aeceptable academic record," the official

The official could not provide any figure on people who "abuse" their tourist or student visas and opt to stay on in the United States. "No records or figures are available in this con-

Randa Habib's Corner_

Strikomania

IMAGINE this: At one of Amman's homes the wife asks her husband over breakfast to return early from work so as in go together on a shopping spree, one of Ammanites' most entertaining outdoor ''sports'

"Sorry, I will not be able to come back by lunch time and I don't think I will make it back home before the evening," the well-dressed executive tells his wife.

"Heaps of work on your desk?" she exclaims. "Nn, actually, the company is on strike." The conversation ends here, an indication to the recent wave of sit-ins in Jordan, home to nearly 100,000

It seems that sit-ins and strikes are the latest "democratic" fashion that recently hit Amman. Scores of employees, labourers and students, enjoying a recent blow of "glasmost" have organised the once "taboo" sit-ins as means of public pressure to achieve

From Petra Bank employees, who demanded long-sought wage increases, to the students of the Arab Community college, who wanted decreased trition fees, sit-in "fever" seems in have snowballed to the extent that protests became the "first defensive line" for settling disputes rather than legal arbitration.

The sudden outbreak of "strikomania", however, could be

attributed to the lack of "safety valves" or legal outlets over the past three decades when the margin of freedom of expression was virtually non-existent.

The right to strike, albeit sacred, could be all the more productive if it was based on realistic grounds and, moreover, if it took into account the current economic state of affairs in the country. It is obvious that Jurdan's austerity hudget is barely meeting the growing demands of the people's basic needs, let alone those of strike enthusiasts.

Peres doubts Shamir's moves

Why the secrecy?

By Vladimir Pustogarov

Speaking at the USSR Congress of People's Deputies in Moscow in June, Mikhail Gorbachev for the first time ever revealed the country's defence spending. Soon afterwards, the Soviet press gave the details of the military budget's structure. Prime Minister Ryzhkov revealed the Soviet Union's foreign debt in his speech at the Congress. This, too, was done for the first time. The Soviet space shuttle Buran has been on show at Le Bourget in France. The Soviet press now widely publishes information which, until recently was prohibited: the crime situation, number of people entering and leaving the country, and many other things. Down come the ramparts of secrecy, which the command and administrative system had built up for decades. The writer is a member of the Association of Soviet Lawyers; and the article is reprinted from the Soviet magazine, Culture and Life.

SECRECY was inherent in the arbitrarily is as unlawful as discommand and administrative system. It cemented the system and hid its mechanism from the eyes of the people. Total secrecy lay as a heavy burden on our economy and public life. It assisted the deformation of the relationship between the society and the state and alienated the citizen from the state, Secrecy fenced the Soviet. Union off from international life and prevented it from actively participating in scientific and technological exchanges and the international division sustained enormous intellectual and material losses and carned the reputation of a closed society, which hid

its plans and ideas. Excessive secrecy, in the meantime, is not the fruit of a wellplanned government policy. It is the other way round, the consequence of the absence of such a policy. I want to say from a lawyer's point of view that the diktat of secrecy was fostered by the absence of a clear-cut legal foundation. Distinct from the U.S., France, Britain, China, Poland and other countries, the Soviet Union never had laws to protect state secrets. Everything was placed in the hands of the executive authorities, to be more precise, in the hands of numerous ministries and departments, who cut off political, military, foreign policy and other information, at will. No wonder that the sphere of secrecy broadened to unjustifiable proportions while the process of making something secret often assumed a formal and subiective nature.

At one time detailed maps of Moscow were not even sold in the Soviet Union, and were only available in the West. The situation persisted in spite of the fact that modern technology makes it very easy to take the necessary

photographs from outer space. Perestroika demands ever more insistently that the entire system of protecting state secrets be reorganised. In my view, a State Secrets Protection Act could become a basic lever in such a fundamental reorganisation. Adoption of such an act would place the protection of state secrets on a definite legal foundation. Like the laws on publicity; the press and state security, the content of this law must fit into the framework of the political reform and the shaping of a legal socialist state.

Preparation of a State Secrets Protection Law poses many complicated problems and requires alternative variants as well as a comprehensive approach. Its adoption would inevitably entail changes in economic, civil, cri-minal and administrative legislation and may start a trend in legal reform. It transpires from numerous debates between lawyers that the entire regime of secrecy in a law-regulated socialist state must proceed from the presumption that information is generally available. In other words, the regime of secrecy may involve only such information that the law has designated as a state secret. Restricting information ign policy activities, which are

based on new thinking and, speci-fically, on the principle of openness. There have been a series of large-scale Soviet proposals, during the past few years, concerning the consolidation of peace and security, the development of cooperation and understanding between peoples. The proposals range from stage-hy-stage li-quidation of nuclear arsenals, the reduction of conventional arms to closing a state secret. That is why the limits of reasonable sufficiency, the strengthening of the U.N. it is my opinion that hiding inand the more efficient use of its formation under the cover of a mechanisms, the political settlestate secret, when it is not secret, should be punished and punishment of regional conflicts to the construction of a European home. ment should be especially severe if it caused economic or ecologic-Realisation of these initiatives al losses or the violation of the will narrow areas of secrecy in legal interests of labour collecinter-governmental relations and tives, individual citizens or public establish a climate of trust beorganisations. In general, the tween them as well as a sense of protection of state secrets cannot security. The reorganisation of the system of protecting state secrets of the USSR is part of this be used as a cover for actions

overall process. It must specifical-

ly offer greater elbow-room on

the world market for Soviet en-

It is very important to separate production, commercial and offiterprises and remove excessive obstacles to the establishment of cial secrets from state secrets. We joint and mixed enterprises. still classify all these things as People's diplomacy, which binds millions together with relastate secrets, whose divulgence is considered as espionage or bettions based on trust, plays a great rayal of the country. This practice harms our society and contradicts role in bringing nations together and removing enemy images. the very spirit of perestroika. There is urgent need to estab-lish a national body for the pro-People's diplomacy has no secrets and its openness substantially in-

finences the shaping of modern tection of state secrets. It is now international relationships. generally thought that the State Security Committee (KGB) is such a body, but this is not true. Through cultural exchanges, reciprocal visits of delegations and The secrecy stamps are estabcontacts between citizens as well lished by ministries and departas the organisation of exhibitions and other initiatives, the Union ments, who often take their own of Soviet Friendship Societies view of state secrets, which accords with their departmental helps broad sections of the foreign public to get a true picture of life in the USSR and the Soviet interests. State secrets protect the vitally important interests of the Soviet people, but the protection people to learn the truth about life abroad. People's diplomacy of such secrets does not yet rest destroys the ramparts of unin on the foundation of a clear-cut policy and efficient organisation. formedness and suspicion, of hos-According to a Russian saying, a tility and fear.

child is apt to lose an eye when it

LOS ANGELES - Robert Mitchum looks bored. He sprawls in his chair and looks as if he is back playing private investigator Philip Marlowe, waiting to be beaten up on page 20 of the

"Are you still getting the hard-boiled detective roles?" A repor-

The heavily lidded eyes flicker. Well, not for the last two days haven't, no," Mitchem says. "Why are you doing a televi-

I'm a professional actor. Meat is

television series, portraying a cautankerous old man who is befriended by four orpahned chil-

light-hearted family comedy ab-

He is at ease talking on any subject as long as the subject is not Robert Mitchum.

"Did you watch your series War and Remembrance' when it was on the air?"

yon've done comedy?"
"Oh, probably the Grass is Greener, I think."

When was that?" "I have no idea," Mitchum

Robert Mitchum prepares for his first TV comedy series

By Ronald Clarke Reuter

ters asks.

sion series? "That's what I do for a hving.

Why a television series now?" Nobody ever asked me be-

"You never got any scripts?"
"Okay, I lied." Mitchum, the star of more than 100 films, has made a dramatic switch in his career and, at 72, will star in his first half-hour

The NBC network describes

out a homeless curmudgeon. Mitchum, a well-read man who has written film scripts, music and poetry, had been brought to a news conference to publicise the

"Mr. Mitchum, do you watch any situation comedies?"

"No."
"Mr. Mitchum, how long since

mutters. Mitchum allows that he is confident he will not have to work

EVERY .

PEOPLE WHO NEED

MAINTENANCE

Electrolux

P.O.Box 925229 AMMAN

Tel. 604671

SERVICES

CALL US!



Robert Mitchen

the long hours demanded of hroke. As far as they were conmany television series. "Not if you're working with childreo," he said with a trace of

a smile. "The social department won't permit them to work too Mitchum also lets on that one of the things he likes about appear-

ing in "regular joe" is that he will not have to wear makeup. "I don't think I've worn makeup in 99 per cent of my film appearances," he said. "As long as they don't have to put a scar on

me or turn my hair green I don't wear makeup." Mitchum, who has earned the reputation — despite his repeated denials - of being one of the best actors in Hollywood, becomes more animated when he is asked

how he prepared himself for his role as a homeless person. "I had a little experience in those conditions myself," he remembered. "I was 15 years old. They had a ready answer then for the homeless. They gave me 180

days on a chain gang."
"We'll find a home for you, boy," they said.
"I was without a home and

STUDIO HAIG

Develop your colour film at

. JUMBO photo

Professional Quality in

stre 30% larger

1 Hour Service

our shop and get:-

cerned I was a dangerous and suspicious character with no visihle means of support. I was in Chatham County, Georgia." "I left home because there was

make a head count. I just took off because there wasn't enough to go round. I felt I might alleviate the situation if I made myself

"I think it cost them 38 cents a day to feed and house you at the time and they rented you out for \$2 and 50 cents a day. That was the answer then to the home-

Mitchum jumped on a freight train and headed for Hollywood - and stardom. He has been married to the same woman, the former Dorothy Spence, for 50 years and they have three chil-

Asked if he has any favourite roles, Mitchum pauses.
"I was asked to play Admiral Halsey in a picture called Mid-way," he said. "I asked the producer how long the role would last. He said: "It's one day in bed." I said: "You got it."

Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Moshe within 10 days if Shamir's govero-Arens - would convene Friday Peres also told the AP that if he

to discuss Baker's proposals. Shamir's spokesman Avi Pazner denied any meeting was yet scheduled and said Shamir "still hasn't decided" his position on the American ideas.

Likud infight

Pazner acknowledged that Sha-

"He has difficulties in the party

Pazner also insisted that Shar-

mir was under pressure from Likud hawks but insisted the

prime minister was in control.

but knows he has a massive

majority," Pazner told the AP.

on, who chairs the party's 3.070-

member central committee, can-

not convene the body with Sha-

But Israeli newspapers said

Sharow plans to go ahead with a

session early next week with or

mir's agreement.

"If there was a new government it would stay with the current approach," Peres said.

Baker's compromise on the composition of a Palestinian delegation calls for including Palestinians from Arah Jerusalem and some expelled by the Israeli authorities in preliminary Cairo peace talks, Israeli newspapers

(Continued from page 1)

forms a new government, he will

continue to hack the Israeli elec-

tions plan rather seek a new

peace formula.

They also call for Egypt to announce the names of the delegates and for the genda to be left open to allow Palestinians to bring up subjects other than the

Including Palestinians from Jerusalem has been a major sticking point for Likud, which fears such a move would undercut Israel's claim to the city as its 'capital."

'I'm not sure East Jerusalem is the only issue," Peres said. "They (Likud) think it's the wrong way

Likud fears that some of the proposals could lead to indirect involvement by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). It also opposes any land-for-peace settlement, which both the United States and Labour Party would accept.

Israeli reports said Israel's

without Shamir Even Shamir's supporters in Likud voiced concern about the in-fighting.

Asked on army radio whether Shamir was still the party's unquestioned leader, legislator Ben-jamin Begin, the son of former Premier Menachem Begin, said: That is a question that needs examination.

Begin also appealed for Likud unity to prevent a Labour-domin-ated coalition from emerging.

"We are walking a thin rope," Begin said. "We cannot just say we are tired, run away, and let 'forum of four' leaders - Peres, Mr. Peres conduct the matter.'

Mandela: No early concessions

(Continued from page 1)

to participate in the initial stages of the talks risked prosecution for offenses not covered by the ending of a 30-year ban on the ANC and other restrictions.

Mandela said the refusal to accommodate the ANC demands showed "it is quite clear the government is not yet prepared to meet us."

Mandela, 71, freed by de Klerk as part of sweeping re-forms, defended his support for Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, who arrived in Zambia

Tuesday to meet with him. He challenged South Africa's powerful Jewish community to

face the truth squarely." "I believe there are many similarities between our struggle and that of the PLO. We live under a unique form of colonialism in South Africa as well as in Israel.' he said.

Mandela also defended the

ANC's call for continued economic sanctions pressurise the Pretoria government into taking substantive steps to dismantle apar-

For all your:

Packing, Air Freight Forwarding,

violating the rights of citizens,

offered them by the Constitution

of the USSR.

Customs Clearance, Door-to-door Service, Ticketing and Reservation needs,

AMIN KAWAR & SONS

Abdel Hamid Sharaf Street Shmeisani P.O. Box 7806 Amman, Jordan Tel. 604676, 604696

The First Class Hotel in Amman that has a Kitchenette In every room...l DAROTEL

d<u>:"qhi</u>= Amman - Tel. 668193 P.O. Box 9403 - Fax 602434

Telex 23888 DAROTL JO Ideal Residence For **Expatriates and** Businessmen



The only typical Chinese cuisine in Amman. Chinese Flaming pot is available Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel; 818214 Come and taste our

specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 - Midnight



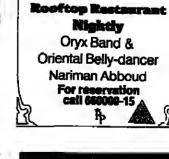


EASTERN PACKING. DOOR-TO-DOOR SERVICES INTERNATIONAL FORWARDING

PLAKET PLACE

TEL: 621 775 FAX: 656 270 TLX: 23 0 23 POB: 815 408 AMMAN-JORDAN

AIR & SEA FREIGHT.



ALALA

Haute Cuisine





in Jordan 1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near - Ahliyyah Girls School Take away is available Open daily 12:00-3:30 p.m. 6:30-Midnight

Tel. 638968

Chinese Restaurant

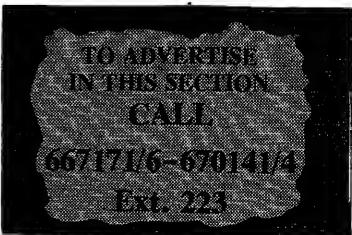
Wadi Sagra Road - near Traffic Bridge Amman, Jordan

Tel: 661922





Tel:659519 659520



Arab Monetary Fund plans ambitious boost for Arab stock markets

Monetary Fund (AMF) announced Wednesday a plan to develop Arab stock markets, which it believes is the best way to stop large amounts of needed

capital flowing out of the region.
"The AMF has embarked on an ambitious project to develop Arab stock markets... as a prelude to setting up a joint Arab exchange that will complement the existing ones, the Abu Dhabi-hased fund said in a statement. The AMF said it would create a

stock data base, indices and a unified law to govern existing

The data base, which should be ready this year, would publish monthly information on share moves and companies and be distributed to brokers and investment houses, it said.

The data case would cover Egypt, Tunisia, Jordan, Morocco. Algeria and the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC).

In the GCC, Kuwait, Bahrain and Oman have official exchanges while Saudi Arabia. Oatar, and the United Arab Emiestablish their own. Local officials, however, have said they are

in no burry.

AMF officials said they discussed the fund's plan with countries involved over the last year and they urged those without official

floors to set them up soon.

"Arab stockmarkets now are relatively dull. They need to be developed to encourage local investors and attract overscas funds," the statement said.

We would like to expand our base to include more Arah states but it seems there is no interest, at the moment, from some states," an AMF official said.

In countries such as Libya, Syria, South and North Yemen, Somalia and Mauritania, the public sector accounts for up to 90 per cent of economic activity. traq bas recently sold some state firms to the public but this has been limited. Sudan's economy is not developed enough for a

Elsewhere, Arab investors themselves are limited in what said.

Turkish lira nears full convertibility

ANKARA (R) — The Turkish lira has moved closer to full convertibility with a new easing of foreign exchange regulations, but the IMF may seek further relaxa-

tion, bankers say. They said International Monet-

ness-purpose foreign exchange transfers abroad of up to a limit of \$5 million and purcha foreign securities by Turks or

Ibrahim Betil, general manager of Garanti Bankasi A.S.

enhance confidence in the lira."

nomies and lift the burden of some time," be added. Bankers said the IMF sees bilateral barter trade agreements with Iran and Iraq, both IMF

A minimum espital require-

In August Turkey freed foreign exchange purchases from banks up to a \$3,000 limit and opened up its stock and equity markets

Ahmet Mutlu, secretary general of Is Bankasi A.S. said: "These changes are positive for the economy but not sufficient for a full-convertibility."

Yasuda to open office in Bahrain BAHRAIN (R) - Japan's Yasuda Fire and Marine Insurance

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Company has been granted a licence to open a representative office in Bahrain, the island's commerce ministry said Wednes-

day. They said Yasuda would be the fifth foreign insurance firm

with a representative office on the island. There are also 38

offshore insurance companies, 12 foreign companies with local

BAHRAIN (R) - The Bahrain-based Arab Insurance Group

(ARIG) said Wednesday it planned to set up a subsidiary in

London with an authorised capital of more than \$34 million. An

ARIG spokesman said the subsidiary, which would initially be entirely owned by the parent firm, would be better placed to

capture excess business from the European and American markets. He said it would handle traditional and specialist

insurance and reinsurance business, but declined to give further

details pending approval from British licensing authorities.
ARIG, one of the Arah World's largest insurance firms, made a

record net profit of \$29.5 million in 1989. It was established in

1980 by the governments of Kuwait, Libya and the United Arab Emirates which have equal stakes.

RABAT (R) — The World Bank has lent Morocco \$104 million to upgrade health services, the official news agency MAP has

said. The 20-year loan with a five-year grace period carries

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - Iran will export \$4 million worth of

leather to China, according to an agreement signed in Tehran Wednesday, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported. The agency, monitored in Nicosia, said the agreement

was signed by Shahram Hariri, a departmental head at Iran's

National Industrial Group, and the director general of China's Import-Export Agency, Li Zhi Wei. IRNA said Li arrived in

Tehran at the head of a delegation Saturday to discuss expansion

of economic ties with Iranian officials. China was one of Iran's

largest arms suppliers during the eight-year Gulf war. Since the August 1988 ceasefire, China has become one of Tehran's major

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — Petrofina S.A., Belgium's biggest oil, gas, and petrochemical concern has signed an oil exploration

and production sharing agreement in Libya, the company announced Tuesday. Petrofina said in a statement its subsidiary

Fina Exploration Libya agreed with the Libyan National Oil

Corporation to drill at least 12 exploratory wells and execute

8.500 kilometres of seismic tests during a six-year period. The contract would require investment of \$100 million by Petrofina,

newspapers reported. The deal covers 15,736 square kilometres in

the Syrte basin, southeast of Zuetina. The agreement is still

subject to ratification by the Libyan authorities, the Petrofina

PARIS (R) - Iran accounted for 12 per cent of France's total

crude oil imports in 1989, jumping from one per cent in 1988 after the French government ended its embargo on Iranian imports, French industry figurs showed. The Petrol Industry Association said in its annual commentary on the French market that the Middle East supplied nearly half of France's crude imports, up

from 32 per cent in 1988, largely as a result of the revival in trade with Iran. Iran was France's largest supplier in mid-1987 when Paris imposed the trade ban after the two countries broke

diplomatic ties. The embargo was fully lifted in December 1988.

British current account gap much worse

LONDON (R) - Britain announced monthly trade figures

Wednesday much worse than market expectations but the pound sterling and share prices rebounded after a brief fall. The data

showed the deficit on the current account, the widest measure of Britain's foreign trade, was £1.88 billion (\$3.16 billion), more than double a revised £817 million (\$1.37 billion) gap for

December. Economists had been forecasting a current account deficit of around £1.3 billion (\$2.2 billion) for January. The Central Statistical Office (CSO) said Britain's monthly current

account figures were proving erratic and suggested trends over

three months portrayed a more accurate picture. The CSO attributed the size of the January gap to a deficit in what it called erratic items, where a small surplus would have been expected.

NAIROB1 (R) — Kenya President Daniel Arap Moi has announced details of what will be his country's first locally made

would be contracted to produce the vehicles, he said, but he

declined to name it or say precisely when ontput of the vehicles—
the cars will be called the Nyayo Pioneer 1 and 2 and the truck the

Pioneer 3 — would start. "The government has set aside land for

a factory and an assembly line to mass-produce the Kenyan made

cars and a pick-up truck. A "reputable, international company

Kenya to manufacture vehicles

than expected

French oil imports from Iran surge

Petrofina, Libya sign contract

World Bank lends Morocco \$104m

variable interest rates, now around seven per cent.

Iran to sell China leather worth \$4m

licences and nine local insurance firms.

ARIG to set up London subsidiary

ary Fund (IMF) officials were likely to approve of Monday's lifting of restrictions of foreign exchange purchases from banks. Ankara Monday also freed busi-

foreigners living in Turkey.

Turkey is pursuing the right policies at the right time. It is doing what needs to be done (to achieve full convertibility)," said

"The lira is not today a widelytraded currency. But if the IMF decides it is convertible, this may said a senior Western monetary source who asked not to be

"Still, such a decision will take

members, as hindrances to full convertibility of the lira.

"I think we should not harm our country's interests for the sake of pleasing the IMF," Betil told Reuters. "If we lose our Iran market, shall we find a similar market in the U.S.? No, because the U.S. is imposing quotas on our textile products."

ment of one billion lira to set up an establishment, open a branch or become a partner of a company in Turkey was also abolished this week.

fully to foreigners

Before, banks had been allowed to sell foreign exchange only for travelling purposes and up to a limit of \$1,500.

offshore financial business of licences to offshore banks last would not be a just a tax haven and he insisted that it would not Ocean island of Mauritius, hopyear. Lutchmeenaraidoo said the become a channel for laundering enhanced facilities were aimed at drug money either. persuading Japanese and other Asian firms use the island as a

gateway for doing husiness with

He said he had promoted this

"We have told them (the

Japanese) they can't be absent

from Mauritius, from Africa.

And their presence in Africa can

and must pass through Mauritius,

the gateway to Africa," he said.

idea on a tonr of Hong Kong,

Japan and Singapore and had

received several enquiries.

ing to become a financial centre for Africa, has announced plans to broaden the range of its offshore financial activities. Finance Minister Vishnu

Lutchmecraraidoo told reporters Tuesday the government was preparing legislation which would open up offshore facilities for portrolio management companies, insurance firms, wealth management companies and intefnational trade specialists. Central bank governor Indur

Ramphul was drawing np a hill which would be put before parliament in April, he added. Mauritius issued a first round

BRUSSELS (R) — Generalc Bank, Belgium's leading bank,

industrial and financial con-

glomerate, announced group net

profit slumps to 2.6 hillion francs

Lutchmeenaraidoo stressed that the planned offshore centre under the scheme.

(\$213 million in 1988). Behind the drop was a decision

loans to 44 countries, including Brazil, Mexico and Poland, instead of only 50 per cent cover as in 1988.

long tunnel we bave been struggling in since May, 1982 when Mexico first had difficulty," Generale Chairman Paul Emma-

Janssen said the provisions had

to make full provisions against

said Wednesday its net profits plunged by almost two thirds last year because of big provisions to give it 100 per cent cover against loans to Third World dehtor countries. Generale, hanking arm of the Societe Generale De Blegique

nuel Janssen said.

American banks have also sliced into their profits by boosting their reserves against possible non-repayment of loans to indebted countries.

"We are now coming out of a

(\$74 million) from 7.45 billion London exchange rates

LONDON (R) — Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One U.S. dollar

1.1900/10 1.6910/17 1.9055/65 1.4873/80 35.21/26 5.7200/50 1250/1251 148.65/75 6.1140/90 6.5145/95

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedisb crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

world Stock Markets

6.5000/50

One ounce of gold 409.20/409.70

By Reuters

SYDNEY - The market bounced back from Monday's slide, led by a strong performance on Wall Street and a rally in Tokyo. The All Ordinaries Index close 24.1 points higher at 1,570.4.

TOKYO — Share prices closed sharply higher in active trading, furthering their rebound Tuesday. The Nikkei Index leapt 694.04 points, or 2.05 per cent, to 34,591.99.

HONG KONG — The Hang Seng Index closed 19.36 up at 2,951.98 on selective hargain-hunting in blue chips with local investors seeming more cautious than overseas institutions.

SINGAPORE - Share prices closed broadly firmer but below the

day's highs in moderate trading. The Straits Times Industrial Index rose 14.97 to close at 1,550.06. BOMBAY - Share prices ended broadly lower on rumours the

government planned to raise revenues. The Stock Exchange Index fell 4.35 points to 676.23. FRANKFURT — West German shares recovered early losses during a moderate session, with most shares ending higher. The

DAN Index closed 5.60 points higher at 1809,92. ZURICH - Swiss shares closed lower across the board in a very thin market. The All-Share Swiss Performance Index fell 7.4

points, or more than 0.6 per cent, to 1,096.2. LONDON — U.K. shares were slightly higher in late-afternoon dealings, as the market responded tentatively to a strong early trend on Wall Street. At 1636 GMT the FTSE Index was up 3.8

NEW YORK - Futures-related buying pushed up blue chips and the general market after a slow start. At 1638 the Dow Jones industrial average was up 21.17 points at 2,638.29.

Mauritius plans to broaden

The non-GCC state markets

are open to most Arab investors

but in the GCC nationals only.

with few isolated exceptions, can

buy and own shares. The GCC

has agreed in principle to open all

its markets to other GCC

Foreign investors are excluded

from Arab shareholdings with the

exception of some joint venture

projects, many of them state-

owned partnerships, or banks. Senior AMF officials fear that

the European Community's plans for a unified market by 1992 and

East Europe's rapid economic development will attract more

Arab money away from the Arab

World's own capital markets.

Many Arah governments have decided, in principle at least, that privatisation can help their eco-

development spending on their

But without a stockmarket, the

privatisation process might not succeed, Arab League economic

affairs chief Suleiman Minzeri has

national budgets.

nationals.

We want a credible offshore centre, serious and professional. Mauritius is not going to sell off to any institution that wants to do business here," he added.

Seven banks have applid so far for a licence to operate under Mauritius's year-old offshore banking regulations, which enable banks to accept deposits from and make loans to foreign clients on favourable tax terms and without exchange controls. But so far only Barclays Bank of Britain is fully operational

cost it 9.2 billion francs (\$262 the action to increase its felxibilmillion). Leading British and

Because of the profit drop Generale said it would keep its after-tax dividend to shareholdes

unchanged at 265 francs per share **(\$7**.6). Generale decided to wipe the slate clean of problem debt now because many of the 44 countries look like continuing to have problems paying interest.

Janssen said the bank also took

ity in the future and he said there

were tax advantages.
"We have no loans outstanding to borrowers who have made international headlines," he said. Janssen held out the hope that if the situation improves, some of the money set aside for risky loans could be recovered.

The Generale chief denied, as some banking analysts have suggested, that the bank took the bitter medicine now because it did not want to report big profits just as it was negotiating with Belgian unions to cut its work-

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, February 28,

Central Bank official rates Sci

Pound Sterlie Deutscheman

1130.6 t137.4 395.9 398.3 451.2 453.9 t16.9 t17.6

 Japanese yen (for 100)
 451_3

 Dutch guider
 351_3

 Swedish crown
 109_5

 Italian lira (for 100)
 53.6

 Belgian franc (for 10)
 190.t
 451.3 453.4 351.3 353.4 109.5 tt0.2

car and pick-up vehicles soon," Moi said.

HOROSCOPE By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation FORECAST FOR THURSDAY MARCH 1, 1990 FORECAST FOR FRIDAY MARCH 2, 1990

GENERAL TENDENCIES: One of the best days for deciding what conditions in your life need modemising and updating and to study

which this can be easily accom-

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Look for some new and unusual friendships to come into your life any moment now. Your romantic

tie will be very cooperative at this TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Help family members now make your home more attractive. Do the

thoughtful little things your attachment desires of you. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Listen to good advice given to you now by a practical-minded friend. There is considerable happiness in your romantic mood now. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) A charming lady friend will aid you to solve a difficult problem. Control the temptation to dictate to your attachment. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Don't

make any temporary changes at your residence. Much conversation with your attachment will bring a much clearer understanding. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Pay your share promptly of any entertainment you enjoy with friends. A good day to be away from your home as much as

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Entertaining today will bring you and friends much happiness. Your most constructive activity can be in home affairs today. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 21) Don't be so closed in but make new acquaintances who can later become good friends. You are entering a new phase of your relationship with your attachment.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Accept an invitation of much importance from a charming man. A condition you have not erstood at home is at last being CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) You now see clearly what is needed in practical ways to establish more harmony at home. Get off alone with attachment for a wonderful romantic time. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) Cultivate different types of

friends now. Invite everyone avail-

able into your home and late discriminate among them. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Older friends will render you the best helpfulness today, so join with them. Don't be disappointed that a family jamnt does not materGENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to go after both long time desired hopes and wishes as well as more recent aims that have been coursing through your conscious-ness. A new start for romantic well being is indicated.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) A stranger will now join your social activities to add to your good times. Go with family now to make calls and visits ou close compan-TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be

prepared for an incoming change in your social structure. Accept and go along with family's ideas for improving home. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Get the aid of two good and efficient

friends to suggest ways to improve your social activities. At home, entertain men and younger per-MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Try to cooperate more

harmoniously with those who dwell in your home. Revise some interesting new recreations for your LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Bright and alert friends will bring you fun and entertainment today. You need to have outside recreations

from home to cheer you up. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) A trip with a delightful friend could bring satisfactory results. A

better understanding can now be brought into being between you and your family.

LIRRA: (September 23 to October 22) It is your turn to take initiative m social matters with friends. Listen to and go along with original and unusual plans desired by your

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You need to have a greater awareness of those who dwell be-neath your own roof. This applies also to stated wishes of your own attachment.

SAGFITARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Friends will charm and bring you happy times today.

Accept invitations. Arrange your attachment's time now as best fits your joint needs. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Combine your efforts with those of experience or good judgement to improve your residence. A wonderful day for an emotional time with your attach-AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Take family to meet influential personalities today. Dis-

. cussions today will be productive of wonderful results. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Two good friends will give you best ideas you have received in a long time. Lots of interesting activity will take place at your dwelling.

U.S. GNP improves

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Since then, the economic expansion has continued for 87 months cent in the fourth quarter of 1989. faster than previously estimated said Wednesday.

The Commerce Department ber-December growth means the gross national product (GNP) -the nation's total output of goods initially. and services — rose three per cent for all of 1989.

That was the slowest yearly advance since a 2.7 per cent gain in 1986 and followed a 4.4 per cent increase in 1988.

The fourth-quarter gain was stronger than the initial report last month of 0.5 per cent growth, but was still the lowest since a 0.8 per cent advance in the third' quarter of 1986. A consensus of economists has

indicated in advance of the new report that fourth-quarter growth would be lowered to 0.4 per cent. The improvement should ease fears the economy had entered a

downturn at year's end, although there is considerable anxiety over the months ahead. The department will make one more revision in the GNP - the broadcast measure of the nation's economic health — after more solid information is available next

A recession usually is defined as to consecutive quarterly de-clines in the GNP. The last decline was a one-quarter drop of 1.8 per cent in 1986; after which the economy resumed growth. The last recession occurred in

peacetime growth record. If it but still the slowest pace in more continues through October 1991. than three years, the government it will set a new overall record. An inflation index tied to the GNP rose at an annual rate of 3.5 said its revised estimate of Octo- per cent last year, the report said That was revised downward from a 4.5 per cent hike reported

and in November broke the

Some economists, including chairman Michael Boskin of President George Bush's Council of Economic Advisers, had attributed the sluggishness in the fourth quarter in part to the effect of the fourth coldest December. on record, harricane Hugo and the San Francisco Bay-area earth-

Most of the upward revision was attributed to a better-thananticipated trade performance.
The December trade deficit was not available when the advance

GNP estimate was made. The new report said exports climbed at an annual rate of 8.6 per cent in the fourth quarter, compared with the advance estimate of 4.9 per cent. Imports grew by two per cent in the revised report instead of 7.5 per cent first reported.

Business inventories, meanwhile, were lowered from an mitial 48.9 per cent increase to a 19.6 per cent gain Wednesday. Other changes included per-

decline first reported. But business investment declined 6.4 per cent in the latest

sonal consumption, up 0.4 per

cent rather than the 0.1 per cent

THE Daily Crossword by Richard Thomas **ACROSS** 1 Ribbon 5 Criticizes 10 Yield (with

"in") 14 — no good 15 Guide 15 Guide 16 Eye layer 17 Center or Irot 16 Actor-comic 20 Pretense 21 Turner 21 Turner 22 Fastidious 23 Compules 25 Hackman 26 Sword handle 27 Poet Hughes 31 Mended 33 Gambling

game Tinge Soviet sea 36 Spurious 37 Sky Bear 50 Julius abut. 39 Cameroon's

struggles 43 Lyra's brightest
44 Part of BPOE
45 Withdrew 48 Withdraw
48 Glasses
51 Island hear
Guernsey
52 Hinder
53 Skinny leaf
55 Recompense
56 Eng.

56 Eng. composer 57 Fiber plani 56 Vicinity 59 Yoked pair DOWN 1 Dietary no-no 2 Swiftly 3 Herb with

or foot

6 Property claims 7 "Hawkeye" 8 Multitude 9 Coeds 10 Shrewd ones 11 Eng. river 12 Outlet 12 Cimer 13 Effortless 19 Dance 21 Related 24 Soviet city 25 Panamanian lake 27 Trademarks

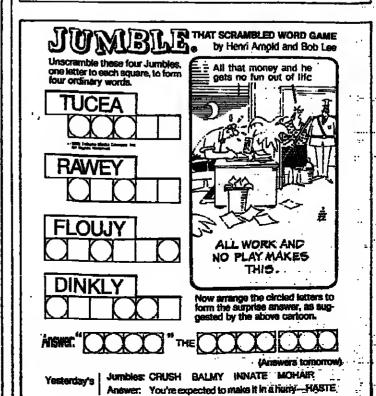
28 Worn 29 Give the gate 30 Terrific 31 Famed basin

CIPS ALAD TRIAM
MOVIE PARE BALD
STEELIRIUMS OVAL
GERT UDAD TRIEST
SPIRIT ORY ORAG
SPIRIT ORY TRIP
PRIST PARES LISE
ANTE UDID RESE
MESDARES LISE
MESDARES LISE
AND LISE GAM S
GARAGE MARIA TRIE
AND LISE GAM AND ETHER

33 Rounded parts
36 Kind of
driver
37 Prompt

48 Oispute 49 Lease 50 Santa — 51 Pierre's loc. 54 Super or 42 Convert Into cash





SPORTS IN BRIEF

Italian community vs. Arab Insurance

AMMAN (J.T.) -- Arab Life & Accident Insurance Co. soccer team will meet the Italian community soccer team in a friendly soccer match to be played at the University of Jordan stadium in Amman Friday March 2 at 2.30 p.m. This event is sponsored by the ALITALIA (Italian airlines) who provided the Italian team with their outfits flown specially from Rome. The game is arranged jointly by the Italian embassy and Arab Life & Accident Insurance Co., where the employees, their families and all their friends are expected to turn up and support their team.

Egypt pulls out of African cup

ALGIERS (R) — An Egyptian soccer official said Tuesday that Egypt was pulling out of the African Nations Cup tournament which opens in Algeria Friday, the official Algerian news agency APS reported. It quoted the chairman of Egypt's youth and sports council, who is heading a delegation that arrived in Algiers Tuesday, as saying the decision had nothing to do with the organisation of the competition. APS gave no other explanation and did not identify the official by name.

Winds, rain force cancellation of events

LONDON (AP) — Rain, high winds and flooding caused havoc with British sports schedules Tuesday, knocking out soccer matches and all three horse-race cards. The English Football League match between first-division rivals Liverpool and Derby was called off when police said wind gusts up to 80 miles per hour made it too dangerous to stage the game at Liverpool's Anfield Stadium. An FA Cup rematch between West Ham and Oldham in northern England, scheduled for Wednesday night, was postponed until March 10 after winds knocked down a 40-yard section of perimeter fence at Oldham's Boundary Park. Other matches in lower divisions were postponed throughout England and Scotland because of the storms, which started Monday and were not expected to let up until late in the week. Racing was cancelled at Steeplechase meetings in Nottingham, Southwell and Plumpton, and officials at Leopardstown said Wednesday's card was endangered because of a forecast of high winds.

Atletico sacks coach

MADRID (R) - Atletico Madrid sacked coach Javier Clemente Tuesday after a weekend defeat by Osasuna left them eight points behind Spanish first division leaders Real Madrid. "Atletico cannot be satisfied with being second," cluh president Jesus Gil Y Gil told a news conference. "Clemente and 1 are no longer friends." "I would have liked to end the season and win all 11 games left," said Clemente, who has been in charge since the beginning of the season. "But some in the cluh may not like that." Gil Y Gil said he had not yet decided on a replacement for

Weish to double drug testing funds

CARDIFF. Wales (AP) - Welsh sports officials, stung when two of their athletes were found using drugs at the Commonwealth Games, said Tuesday they would begin out-of-competition testing and donhie anti-drug spending. The sports council for Wales and weightlifting and other sports it considered to be high-risk for drugs would be targeted. Spending for the programme could be increased to £60,000 (\$102,000) a year. Two Welsh weightlifters. Ricky Chaplin and Gareth Hives, flunked drug tests at the games in Anckland, New Zealand, last month. The council said it wanted to "completely stamp out drug abuse in sport in the principality." Welsh athletes generally compete internationally as part of British teams.

Mancini ousted from tournament

ROTTERDAM, Netherlands (AP) — Sweden's unseeded Thomas Hogstedt ousted second-seed Alberto Mancini of Argentina 6-7, 6-4, 6-2 Tuesday in the \$475,000 ABN tennis tournament. In other matches Tuesday, number seven seed Jonas B. Svensson of Sweden defeated Dutchman Tom Nijssen 6-4, 6-2; and American Brad Gilbert defeated Andrei Cherkasov of the Soviet Union 7-5. 4-6. 6-4. Karel Novacek of Czechoslovakia beat Per Nyborg of Sweden 7-6, 7-6; Uruguay's Nicolas Pereira beat Mark Koevermans of the Netherlands 6-4, 6-2; and West Germany's Carl-Uwe Steeb defeated Christian Pioline of France 6-4, 6-4.

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH 1989 Tribune Media Sennces Inc

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

O. (-Both vulnerable, as South you AK2 AQJ983 463 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
Pass i + Pass

What do you bid now?

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South **+Q104** . 1073 KQ876 **+**K5 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass NT Pass

What action do you take? you hold:

O.3-Neither vulnerable, as South +943 . AKJ ·J109 +9843 Partner opens the bidding with one

Q.4-East-West ulnerable, as South you hold: +QJ103 : AK AKQ32 +K8 What is your opening bid?

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South you ☆KQJ763
◇K108

★Q3 ± 37 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass 1 Pass
1 NT Pass ?

NT Pass What do you bid now? Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ♠ AK6 '710 '7K93 ♠QJ9643 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

Pass Pass

What do you bid now? club. What do you respond? Cinema Tel: 625155 RAINBOW F. **OVER BOARD**







Lendl returns home ending six years of absence

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (AP)

— A celebrity-studded audience watched Ivan Lendl defeat Miloslav Mecir 6-4, 3-6, 6-2 Tnesday in a benefit match for civic forum. an opposition group that led November's anti-communist revolution.

Vaclev Havel, Czechoslovakia's playright-turned preseident, sat next to Alexander Dubcek. the new president of parliament who had been disgraced by the former commuist government for trying to institute reforms in

The two, along with Premier Marian Caifa, applauded Lendl's crushing forehand groundstrokes and Mecir's unpredictables passing shots.

Lendl's appearance ended six years of absence in his country. Communist authorities had driven him out in 1982 by dictating his tour schedule and imposing unrealistic demands for Davis Cup appearances.

Before the match, Lendl told

reporters he wanted to compete for the United States in the 1992

HELSINKI, Finland (AP) — A

storm of applause and apprecia-

tion swept down from the ter-

races, almost as it happened near-

y 38 years ago when a 17-year-

old quicksilver boxer named

Floyd Patterson was the centre of

attention in the old Exhibition

out in the first round, the youngs-

ter from New York won the

Olympie middleweight gold med-

al. From there, he went onto a

lucrative professional career,

reaching the pinnacle in 1956

when he won the world

DELUXE APARTMENT FOR RENT

Fully turnished 4-bedroom apartment, first floor in a small building. 360 square metres, 4 bathrooms, 4 baleonies, built-in Alno kitchen, taundry room, spacious salon, Scandinavian and European style turniture. Independent utilities (W & E & CH), independent style turniture.

Location: best area on the border between Sweifieh and

For more information please call \$17960.

independent telephone line, private garage.

Very convincingly, by a knock-

Hall in Helsinki,

heavyweight title.

Abdoun.

Olympics.
"I should become a U.S. citizen in April 1992, still in time for Olympic nomination, and 1'd like to play very much. It should be a dream for every athlete," Lendl said.

He also dashed Czechoslovak hopes of playing for his home country against the United States in the forthcoming Davis Cup tie March 30.

Stating that he spent less than two weeks in Czechoslovakia over the last 10 years, Lendl said "it's not right to play against a country whose citizenship I should get in two years." About his hattles with

Czechoslovak tennis officials, Lendl said: "I was never a fan of the old system and on top of that 1 was largely misled by the au-thorities. 1 felt cheated." Czechoslovak and American

flags adorned the sports hall in downtown Prague, packed with 16,000 spectators who paid 120 crowns (\$12) — the equivalent of 5 per cent of an average Czechoslovak monthly salary - to watch

On Monday night, Patterson visited the site of his Olympic

victory for the first time since the

Helsinki Olympics in 1952. He

didn't remember how the arena

looked inside. Today, the munici-

pality run Toolo Sport Hall, vis-

ibly worn hy time, provides

citizens with facilities for a host of

sports, including boxing. There are a few punching bags hanging around, almost hidden.

Boxing events are now held in

a smaller annex, mainly used as a

hasketball arena. Patterson and

Ingemar Johansson of Sweden,

opponents in three memorable

heavyweight title fights from 1959

Patterson back to scene of Olympic triumph

Navratilova remains unbeaten

INDIAN WELLS, California (AP) — Top-seeded Martina Navratilova remained unbeaten in 1990 by overpowering Nicole Provis of Australia 6-2, 6-0 Tuesday in a second-round match of the \$350,000 Virginia Slims of Indian Wells tournament.

Navratilova, playing in her third tournament of the year, needed only 49 minutes to dispose of the 20-year-old Provis. "I was anxious to be playing outdoors," said Navratilova, whose victories in Chicago and Washington earlier this year both came indoors. "I practiced yesterday to try to get used to the outdoors. This surface is pretty slow. It's like sandpaper.

"I know she (Provis) has play ed well in the past. I just kept going for it, trying to make some-thing happen, and I did." There was only one upset Tues-

day — seventh-seeded Larisa Savchenko of the Soviet Union was beaten by Etsuko Inoue of Japan 6-4, 6-1 in another secondround match.

In other second-round action, second-seeded Conehita Mar-tinez of Spain defeated Cammy Macgregor 6-1, 6-2 in just 53 minutes; third-seeded Helena Sukova of Czechoslovakia rallied for a 4-6, 7-6 (7-4), 6-0 victory over Monique Javer of Great Britain; fourth-seeded Jana Novotna of Czechoslovakia blitzed Yukie Koizumi of Japan 6-0, 6-0 in just 46 minutes; fifthseeded Katerina Maleeva of Bulgaria beat Kathy Rinaldi 6-1, 6-3 sixth-seeded Hana Mandlikova of Australia eliminated Kate Gompert 6-4, 6-2.

In first-round matches Tuesday, ninth-seeded Gigi Fernandez beat Jana Pospiailova of Czechoslovakia, 6-1, 6-3:

to 1961, were honorary guests at

the Finnish boxing championship

Johansson got his share of the applause Monday night, a sharp departure from his Olympic ex-

perience in 1952, when he was

booed out from the ring hy a

hostile crowd after being disqual-

ified for passivity in the

heavyweight final against Ed San-

Johansson's style wasn't much

different from that of Moham-

mad Ali - shuffle away and wait

Much later, and thanks to a

ight, he got the ap-

for a chance to counterpunch.

Finnish initiative, Johansson got

his Olympic silver medal. On

Looking at that match today,

ders of the United States.

finals Monday night.

Favourites Kuwait, Iraq draw

KUWAIT (AP) — Favourites title for the third time and Kuwait Kuwait and Iraq drew 1-1 has captured it six times in the Wednesday before a near capacity crowd at Peace and Friendship Stadium in the 10th Gulf Cup soccer championship.

Both scores were in the second half, with Kuwait tipping the ball into its own net for the Iraqi point.

Expectations for the match ran high, but it only picked up tempo in the second half after Kuwait pulled ahead 1-0 lead in the 48th

Midfielder Wayil Suleiman headed home a cross by Mayed Hadad to send about 15,000 Kuwait supporters into a frenzy.

Some three to four thousand Iraqi fans, many who flew or drove into Kuwait for the occasion, chanted with equal fervor after Kuwaiti defender Adil Othman scored against Kuwait in the

69th minute.

Iraq is holding the Gulf Cup

Iraqi coach Anwar Hisham brought in Natio Hasim in the midfield in the 53rd minute. which gave the three-time Gulf Cup champions an upper hand. Earlier, the Kuwaitis dominated because of their better linkage.

The Iraqi coach said that the game was the best so far in the tournament. "Natiq changed the trend in our favour," the Iraqi coach said.

Kuwait's Brazilian coach Luis Felipe also praised the standard of the game. "I didn't ask my boys to go on the defence after the goal," he said. "It was players decision and taken following the situation on the pitch.'

The 10th Gulf Cup championship opened Feh. 20 and continues to March 9. The event is held every two years, with competing teams from the seven

Arah countries of the Gult -- the UAE, Qatar. Oman. Kuwait -Bahrain, Iraq and Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia pulled out this

year to protest the emblem. featuring two historical horses who helped repulse a Saudi attack on Kuwait in the 1920s.

The matches are classified asexhibition play hy the International Football Association (FIFA), but the Gulf Cup is a prestigious event for the partici pants with soccer the most favoured sport in the region.

The participation of the UAF a contender for the 24-nation World Cup finals in June, has created no ripples. The UAF were brought to a draw in lack lustre playing by both coman and Oatar.

Kuwait now leads with four points, hut second placed araqhave played one game less On Thursday, Bahram take of

Chang knocked out in 2nd round

MEMPHIS, Tennessee (AP) -Glenn Layendecker proved too powerful for Michael Chang Tuesday night, spoiling the French Open champion's return to singles competition with a 6-4. 6-4 victory in the second round of the Volvo Indoor tennis tourna-

Chang, who has been sidelined for the past nine weeks because of a hip injury, started strongly, but his game became erratic midway through the opening set.

"I thought my ground strokes just weren't as penetrating as they usually are." said Chang. "The mental part (of my game) was missing a little bit. I think by being out so long, the mental part just wasn't there," said Chang.

Patterson was the smaller man

in the title series against Johans-

son and certainly is so today. He

weighs in at a trim 88 kilogram-

mes, thanks to regular workouts and to classes in which he teaches

boxing to youngsters -- "but above all I eat only when I'm

Johansson, a beefy man in his

Patterson was guided through

athletic prime, tips the scales today at about 145 kilogrammes.

the pro ranks by Cus D'Amato,

the man who propelled Mike

Tyson on the road to the

Tyson was dethroned when

Buster Douglas knocked him out

in the 10th round of their fight.

heavyweight title.

ranked number seven in the world and the number two seed at In the first match of the night session, Finland's Veli Paloheimo ahandoned the haseline and rushed his way to a 7-6 (7-5), 6-3 upset of eighth-seeded Mikael Pernfors.

Earlier Tuesday, Danie Visser, who sruggled through three qualifying matches to make the tournament field, continued his success Tuesday by beating Mark Kratzmann in straight sets.

In other first-round matches Tuesday, Gary Muller defeated Pieter Aldrich 7-6 (7-5), 6-3; Ken Flach downed Argentina's Horacio de la Pena 6-4; 4-6, 7-6 (7-5); and Michael Stich of West Germany topped Grant Connell of. Canada 4-6, 7-6 (7-4), 6-4.

Chang, 18, won the first three games of the second set against Layendecker, hut then lost the opportunity to gain control as he squandered five hreak points before Layendecker, unseeded and ranked 77th, finally held serve.

Chang was broken himself in the fifth game as Layendecker hit a backhand winner at the net and then let two hreak points slip



Michael Chang

away in the sixth game belot. Layendecker held his servent and two unforced errors of Change Lavendecker broke Crains

the ninth game with a strong forehand from his own baseline In the 10th game, Chang's love hand from the baseline bit ine ne at match point and then tell wate.

"I served well tonight and has ... been close to breaking through (for a major win)." Layendecker "Things finally fell my

FURNISHED VILLA FOR RENT

Reasonably priced fully furnished, completely independent, nice and quiet ocation. CH, TV, video, telephone, garage, garden. 3 bedrooms, living room, dining room, salon, 3 bathrooms.

ill 662469 or 845272, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

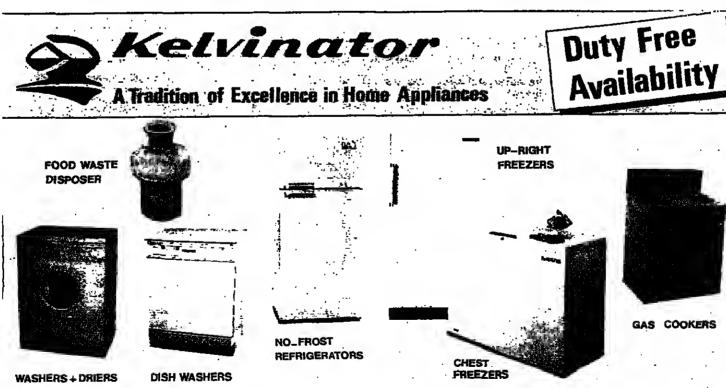
MANY VILLAS AND **APARTMENTS FOR RENT & SALE** Furnished or Unfurnished In Shmeisani, Sweifieh, Abdoun and many other loca-

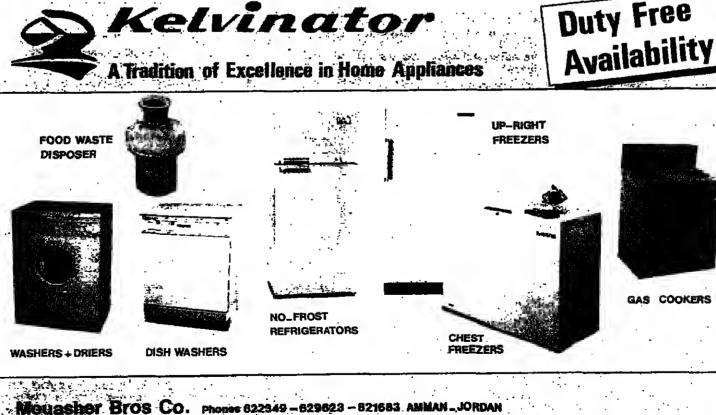
> For more Information please call Abdoun Real Estate PREVIOUSLY Wael Real Estate Tel: 685342, 682097

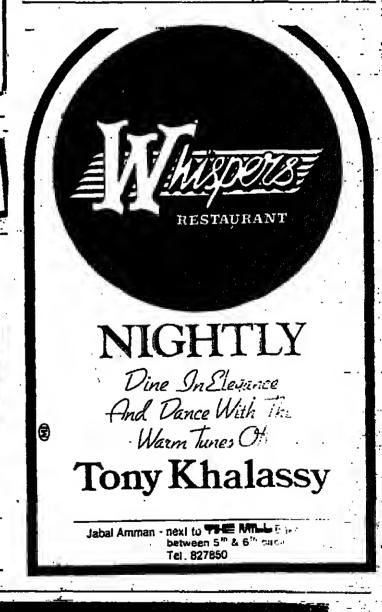
FURNISHED DELUXE FLAT FOR RENT

Three bedrooms, salon, dining and sitting rooms, 250 sq.m. Central heating, telephone and full electric sets. Location 5th

Please call 679090









PHILADELPHIA

in

ALARAGOUZ (Arabic) Performances: 3:15, 6:15, 8:15, 10:15



Tel: 634144

Cinema

MUOUM

Murvat Amin AL ARAGOUZ

Omar Al Sharif and

(Arabic) Friday & Sunday extra show at 11:00 a.m. ances: 3:30,6:30, 8:30, 10:30



Tel: 675571

BILOXI **BLUES**

Cinema



PLAZA

Tel: 699238

Performances: 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30

An Australian proposal for the

United Nations to play a dominant role in ending Cambodia's

II years of war appeared to have

gained some ground at peace talks in Jakarta Wednesday.

The Khmer People's Nanonal

Liberation Front (KPNLF), one

of three guerrilla factions pitted

against the Hanoi-backed Phnom

Penh government, said it would

save a decision on a U.N. role to

Indonesia and France, co-chair-

men of the Jakaria peace talks.

in the co-chairman on the role of

the U.N ... whatever they want

to do to enhance the role of the

U.N. to hring peace to Cambo-

dia," a spokesman told Reuters.

He was speaking on the last day of the informal talks which

have centered on the U.N. effec-

fively taking charge in Cambodia

"We have given everything to the U.N." the spokesman said.

to be the first move by the guer-

rillas to concede on the issue of

letting the U.N. and the co-

chairmen decide to extent of the

Australian delegates attending

the three-day talks said the

KPNLF had effectively given up

its longstanding demand that the

four warring factions form an

interim administration after a set-

world body's rule.

The KPNLF decision appeared

until elections can be held.

"We, the KPNLF, put our trust

Chamorro, Ortega urge guerilas to disband

MANAGUA (R) - Niceroguen President-Elect the nationalisation of foreign Violete Chemorro has called on the U.S.-backed centra rebeis to disband and return home, hours after defeated President Duniel Ortega made their demeiblisation a condition for a peaceful transfer of

"The chases of the civil war in Nicarague have disappeared." Chamerre declared Tuesday night in a radio address.

There is no reason for more war. Therefore, those who took un arms must now net down their guns and return peacefully to Nicarage, to work for the reconstruction of our fatherland." she said.

Chamorro said the rebeis. thousands of whom are camped out in Hondurar must respect the terms of a Central American peace agreement signed by Ortega and four other presidents.

Announcing that the president of telegragua's Septeme Electoral Council had formally named her president-elect Tuesday, Chawould be able to play a major role in the publical life of Nicaragua after handing over power. "I want to ... reaffirm my pledge to respect the will of the

minority of 40 per cent of our people which voted for the Sandinista National Liberation Front." she said. "I wish to be president of ail Niceraguans." In general elections Sunday,

Chamerro won 55.2 per cent against Ortega's 40.6. Earlier in the day, in a speech diplomate described as carefully balanced to satisfy party militants without going back on his promise to respect the vote. Ortegu warned his conservative successor

not to roll back a decade of

Japan's

leftwing reforms or dismantic the

After a crucial meeting Tuesday between the policy-making Sandinista Directorate and 1,500 hey party officials. Ortege de-clared his defeated party was ready to play by democratic rules and work for neace and stability

Sandinista army.

in Nicaragua. We will govern from below," he said, referring to the Sandingstas' impending role as an opposi-

tion party.

He made the dishanding of the contra army a condition for a transition of government on April 25, the date on which the Sandinistas are due to hand over power under the constitution.

'The Sandinista National Liberation Front demands the immediate aemobilisation ... of the counter-revolution so that there can be a peaceful and orderly transition of government." Ortaga told 10,000 cheering suppor-

The insurgents should have disbanded by Dec. 5 under the terms of the Central American peace accord. But they ignored the deadline and one of their top commanders said Monday they would keep their weapons until the Sandinistas handed over

Cirtega said the impending handover "does not in any way mean the end of the (Sandinista) Oriega said land reform and

trade. Nicarasua's banks and its natural resources were "irreversible and fundamental achievements" of 11 years of leftwing government here.

After toppling U.S.-backed dictator Anastasio Somoza in 1979, the Sandinistas broke up large landheidings. Over the past decade, more than 140,000 peasant families were given title to closs.

The banking system and foreign commerce were also nationalised in 1979, when the Sandinistas began building up a public sector loreign economists describe as oloated and inefficient. Ortega said the Sandinistas would make sure no public sector employee would lose his job as a result of the government transition.

And he warned his successors not to try to dismanile the army, police and security forces.

The Sandinista National Liberation Front will defend the professionalism and integrity of the popular Sandinista army and the Ministry of Interior within the framework of the political constitution," he said.

In Washington, a top State Department official said Tuesday that a key element in the free and fair elections in Nicaragua was the Soviet Union's cooperation with the United States in the Central American peace process.

We believe that the Soviet Union played a constructive role in encouraging the Sandinista government to hold these elections," the official told reporters. speaking on condition of anony-

mity.

The official said close U.S.-Soviet cooperation in Central America over the last year was ungrecedented in the history of



the superpower relationship. Meanwhile the White House and Congress, long at odds over Nicaragua policy, now concur on the need for U.S. aid to help president-elect Violeta Chamorro rebuild an economy ravaged by a decade of conflict and a U.S. economic boycott.

White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said Tuesday that President George Bush would soon end the U.S. economic sanctions in response to Chamorro's defeat of President Daniel Ortega's leftist Sandinista government

in elections Sunday.

Fitzwater said Bush's administration would also develop a significant and meaningful aid package to help rehuild Nicaragua's

economy.
The U.S. commitment is strong and enduring. We will develop an aid package for Nicaragua that will be significant and meaning fut. The democratic aspirations of the Nicaraguan people deserve our support, and they will have it." the White House official said.

Key congressional leaders offered similar vows of economic aid to bolster Chamorro's incoming government.

"We do have an ohligation to see democracy work there," Senator Alan Cranston, the second-highest ranking Democrat in the Senate, told reporters Tuesday after a White House meeting between the Republican President and congressional leaders of both parties.

Lawyers file petition for Enrile

supreme court Wednesday to free the opposition lawmaker, arrested on "rebellion with murder" charges in connection with last December's failed coun.

Enrile, who played a key role in hringing President Corazon Aquino to power, was held overnight at the National Bureau ol Investigation and transferred early Wednesday to the city's north-ern police district headquarters in

The opposition accused Aquino of trying to stifle dissent. Military dissidents claimed the arrest of one of the administration's sharpest critics was a pre-

Enrile's law partner, Renato Cavetano, claimed the arrest was illegal and violated the senator's rights. He asked the court to free

Court officials said no hearing

Enrile, among seven people indicted Tuesday, denied any role in the coup attempt from Dec. 1-9, in which at least 113 people were killed and more than 600 wounded.

He is the most prominent figure charged in any of the six coup attempts since Aquino was swept to power in Fehruary 1986 that drove the late President Ferdinand Marcos into exile.

under Marcos, but turned against him and led the military mutiny that prompted the uprising. He kept the post under Aquino, hat she fired him in November 1986 after a coup attempt by his fol-

BRUSSELS (R) - East Ger-

many's armed forces, the pride of

the Warsaw Pact until just a few

months ago, are falling apart as

men desert in their thousands and

discipline collapses, NATO

stopped functioning as a military

machine," said one senior NATO

official with access to detailed

intelligence reports. "It is amaz-

ing — unlike anything else in

The Western alliance estimated

that the National People's Army

(NVA), which had 173,000 men

until the Berlin Wall came down

last November and was rigidly

tied to Communist ideology, has

now shrunk by almost haif to

ing up for work, some have emi-

grated to the West, othes have

gone to take jobs elsewhere in the

country. A lot of them feel the

"Soldiers are simply not turn-

"The East German army has

sources say.

Eastern Europe."

around 90,000.

PATNA, India (R) - At least 100 people were killed in a wave of election violence across Bihar.

venting progress.

November. The state elections were the first major test of popularity for the three-month-old government of Prime Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh and seen widely as crucial to the political future of arch-rival Rajiv Gandhi.

Cambodian rebels claim capture

Cambodian uniforms.

entered in February.

government.

dreds of Vietnamese took part in

the assault. They described them

as mercenaries dressed in

said they were used as reinforce-

ments or "served as hackbones of

various units" of the Phnom Penh

It said nearly 20,000 Viet-

namese troops returned to Cam-

bodia in the three months follow-

ing the pull-out and 1,200 more

The man who identified him-

self as Major Nguyen was cap-

tured in Battamhang province earlier this month. The Khmer

Rouge have heen trying to close in on the strategic city of Battam-

hang the loss of which would be a

Western diplomats in Bangkok

said they suspected Vietnamese

involvement in the latest fighting

Hun Sen, speaking to an interna-

tional peace conference under

way this week in Jakarta, said the

Vietnamese withdrawal had re-

moved a major stumbling block

to a settlement fo the 11-year-old

The Khmer Rouge and its

allies, accusing Vietnam of col-

onising its traditional enemy, said

Vietnamese interference was pre-

Cambodian Prime Minister

but had no confirmation.

serious blow to Phnom Penh.

A Khmer Rouge statement

of 10 Vietnamese soldiers

BANGKOK (R) - Khmer non-Communist ailies said hun-

Rouge guerrillas said Wednesday they bad captured 10 Vietnamese

soldiers, saving this proved Hanoi

was still directly involved in the

Khmer Rouge radio broadcast

what it said was the voice of a

Giving his name as Major Nguyen Young Tan, the officer

said he left Cambodia in a Viet-

namese pull-out last September

and was sent back three months

Hanoi had hoped the with-

drawal - still to be independent-

ly verified — would help end

years of isolation from the West.

other governments said Vietnam

illegally occupied Cambodia after invading in December 1978 to

oust the fanatical Khmer Rouge

regime. They have refused to

recognise the Phnom Penh gov-

ernment on the grounds it was

Many Western politicians ex-pressed fears the Khmer Rouge

could sweep back into power

after the weakened Phnom Penh

army was left to fight on its own,

The guerrillas went on the

offensive and extended the

meagre territory they held. Gov-

ernment troops hit hack last

week, retaking some areas of northwest Cambodia.

reports from around the volatile

north Indian state said

The state government in the

capital Patna said it could confirm

only 38 deaths in Tuesday's elec-

tions to the state assembly but

that the toll would rise with offi-

cial reports still awaited from

Journalists and politicians

around the state said 100 were

and two candidates from former

Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's

charges of attempted rigging,

in Bihar during an election cam-

for only the second time since

independence from Britain in

control of polling booths.

of that in Bihar.

they added.

Wednesday.

many areas.

The Khmer Rouge and meir

installed by Hanoi.

The United States and many

Cambodian war.

Vietnamese officer.

Most political analysts and an opinion poll predicted embarrassing defeats in all eight states for Congress, which was routed in November in the Hindi-speaking north that dominates Indian poli-

killed, most in violence between The one state where analysts rival party supporters fighting for thought Congress might do better There was scattered violence in than expected was the impoversome of the other seven states ished state of Bihar, where murthat voted for their assemblies Tuesday, but nothing on the scale

der is common and crime often mingles with politics. The government had flooded Police said rival supporters the state with thousands of extra used guns and bombs against security men to prevent a repetieach other. Two election officials tion of the violence in the general elections, the nation's blo

Congress Party were arrested on If the predictions of defeats proved accurate for Congress, At least 12 people were killed which ruled all eight states that voted Tuesday, Gandhi's political paign that was unusually passionfuture would be in doubt, politicate following a Congress defeat,

in which over 100 people were

al analysts said. There is widespread grumhling within Congress over Gandhi's 1947, in national elections last leadership and the failure to

candidate won an outright major-

ity, forcing a revote. Parliament

can be convened only after two-

thirds of all deputies are elected.

deputy, said: "The congress will

confirm Gorbachev as president

when it meets on March 12,

giving him new powers including

the power to declare a state of

Cekuolis predicted parliament

would meet a few days after the

Land bill approved

The Soviet legislature on

Wednesday approved a landmark

bill that would allow citizens to

acquire land and bequeath it to

their children for the first time

since peasants were stripped of

Algimants Cekuolis, a Sajudis

thuanians seek to stall

second round.

change his style following the general election defeat.

Insiders complain that Gandhi is still very difficult to get to meet, that he remains out of touch with people and that he has not overhauled a party machinery in dire need of change.

Poor morale at grassroots level and in-fighting at the top were significant factors in the party's performance last November.

Many analysts say they expect moves to dump Gandhi if he has led the party to more defeats in the state elections.

The big winner was expected to be the rightwing Hindu Bharativa Janata Party (BJP) which won \$8 parliamentary seats in November, up from just two, and is crucial to Singh's survival.

It supports his government from outside, along with ideological enemies from Marxist pardespite profound police ferences with the trenchantly secular Singh.

Very early trends showed the BJP leading in the Hindi-belt states of Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan and Singh's Janata Dal ahead in Orissa in the east and Gujarat in the west.

Only in the small southern territory of Pondicherry was Congress in front.

law, plots only can be leased and

lease prices will be set hy the

age designed to give force of law

to the economic and social re-

forms championed by Gor-

bachev. The official news agency

TASS called it "a major legal

document of Soviet economic re-

State ownership of land, en-shrined in the Soviet constitution.

has been a cornerstone of Soviet

communism since the 1917 re-

volution. But Soviet reformists

and economists have called repe-

atedly for allowing private own-

ership as a way of sputting econo-

mic growth in the troubled

allowing peasants working on col-

low on collective and state-owned

By altering the constitution and

form.

The measure is one of a pack-

Rio carnivai ends

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - Rio has ended its annual carnival on a high note despite an increase in the number of murders during the gittering extravaganza. The sprawting city, burdened by AIDS, hyperiafiztion and violent crime, forgoi its problems in a crescendo oi bands and dazzling displays. But local newspapers reported 84 murders in greater Rio between Saturday and Mouday afternoon - up from the 5? last year during the full five days of carnival. Another young man died when a float he was pushing hit an overhead cable. The twoday parade wound up carly Tueday as the last eight samha schools made their way down the Sampadrome on claborate floats. decked in flaminovant costumes. A han by the League of Samha Schools on total pudity this year was not exactly defied, our hun-dreds of scandily-clad women swaved and sonn to the hypnotic beat of the samba drums along the route. Most of the 90.000 spectators remained on their feet throughout the 12-bour marathon. Floats of Indiana standing 13 metres high, bukinclad girls emerging from grant bananas and skulls cauch! in a hudge spider web were some of the most striking images of the parade. The spectacular display contrasted starkly with the often harsh reality of life in Rio. But inside the Samhadrome, speciators and participants alike thought only of having a good time. "When I samba I forget everything. I forget my problems, I forget Brazil's orohiems, " said Mauricio Dias, a member of the Santa Cruz Samba School.

\$42,590 tossed in the trash

NEWPORT BEACH, California (AP) - it is not every day that a bank tosses \$42,500 into the trash - even in this trendy community. "We're sort of embarrassed," Great American Bank spokesman Brian Luscomh said, a day after the windfall was recovered from a municipal trash truck that had nauled it away. "It was ast accident and we're really not commenting much beyond that." said Luscomb, who added that a not released put the money in the wrong container. When the garbage truck got to the dump, officials there had been warned about the missing cash, and they had the driver take his load to a city yard instead. The garbage was dumped there and municipal employees dug through the treet until they found the eash. The city's trash collectors must try to track down the owners of expensive items but can keep lesser ones, said General Scrvices. Director David Niederhaus.

Beauty contestants upset over alleged pre-picking of

TEL AVIV (AP) — Contestants m Israel's national heauly pageant were in tears Tuesday after a daily newspaper named a winner allegedly picked by the judges ahead of the final event The Hadashot newspaper wrote that the 11-judge panel had chosen 18-year-old ivonna Krugliak, a Soviet immigrant, as Israel's new beauty queen after interviewing the 20 candidates Saturday. The pageant is spon-sored by the mass circulation newspaper Yediot Ahronot, one of Hadashot's competitors. Pageant organiser Rachei Given denied the Hadashor story. saying that the judges would make their decision only after final evening gown and bathing suit competitions Tuesday night in Tel Avid.

Last week, a battalion of East Manfred Graetz, has said they German soldiers refused to take part in an exercise led by some of should be considered deserters. the 380,000 Soviet troops still Army protest strikes erupted in based in East Germany, the January ever strict discipline, spartan barrack conditions and

source said. Senior officers had to cast around for some time before they sory military service. The authorfound a unit willing to particiities have promised to consider the demands,

Some units have been officially taken off active duty to fill gaps in the country's industry, but thousands of soldiers have simply quit on their own initiative. NATO sources said. In East Berlin, East German

government spokesman Wolfground has been cut from under gang Meyer said he had no them. information on the NATO intelligence reports and referred queries to the Defence Ministry. where spokesmen were not immediately available for comment.

Theodor Hoffman called last week for a new combined army of about 150,000 with limited firepower to serve a united Ger-

"The other Eastern European states now have governments with a certain legitimacy and the armed forces there feel they have a reason to exist. So they have remained intact to a large extent." said one NATO diplomat.

Communist Prime Ministet Hans Modrow is leading a government of all parties and opposition groups until free elections on March 18. The economy is on the verge of collapse. Around 2,000 East Germans still head West

Until the Berlin Wall fell, East Germany's armed forces were among the most disciplined, loyal, well-equipped and thoroughly trained in the Warsaw

The two German states are the

lective or state farms to acquire plots and turn it into their own hereditary property, the Kremlin leadership hopes to raise farm productivity, which is notoriously

Global weather

(major world cities)

	~	7	·C	•	Westhe.
AMSTERDAM .	Ç.	79	06	£.,	COUNTY
ATHENS .	03	46	19	66	Repr.
BAHRAIN .	14	SŦ	22	72	Clear
BANGKOX	26	79	33	27	Clear
BUENOS AIRES	12	50	24	75	Closey
CAIRO	73	52	24	75	Clear
CHICAGO	-33	27	05	4:	C-221
COPENHAGEN	65	31	ŭ5	4:	Cloudy
FRANKFURT	04	39	a:	45	Par
GENEVA	69	46	:5		Fair
HONG KONG	13	- 55	14		Cloudy
ISTANSLE	84	39	14		Ran
LONDON	05	41	10	50	Cloudy
LOS ANGELES	11	5:	15	5	Cica
MADRID	96	41	20	88	Com
MECCA	ΤĒ	34	20	94	Cear
MONTREAL	-12	19	- 74	25	Stow
MOSCOM	JT.	34	77	ąc.	Cirvoy
NEW DELHI.	10	55	21	ü	Church
NEW YORK		2 2	02	35	Clear
PARIS	O.	45	. 13	5	riche:
RONE	00	48	16	51	Clear.
SYDNEY	19	66	27	ន់រ	
TOKYO	. 66	A3.	11	52	Coar
VIENNA	63	35	08	4.	Сізыіў

٠.

ř

new government takes office

TOKYO (R) - Japan's new government took office Wednesday after Premier Toshiki Kaifu fought off pressure from ruling party power-brokers to include scandal-tinged politicians in his new catinet.

The 21-member government list, unveiled after late-night wrangling, included two key holdovers. Finance Minister Ryutaro Hashimoto and Foreign Minister Taro Nakayama.

The absence of other muchtomed names showed Kaifu, 59, had unexpectedly managed to veto politicians tainted by the Lockneed and recruit corruption

scandals. But political analysts said this did not mean the boyish-looking prime minister, a slepgao choice tor the jeb last August, had wrested control of the Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) from the political harons who have kept it in power for nearly 35

Tuesday's public show of resistance could even prove to he Kaife's last hurralt, the analysts

The prime minister spearhaaded the LDP's general election triumph ten days ago and was rewarded Tuesday with another lease on the top job. hut he remains critically weak in the party's inner councils.

Opposition party critics Wednesday ridiculed the idea that Kuifu had won freedom to choose his own team, They said it was clear that

while Kaifu may have veroed several names, the faction chiefs had already carved up the cabinet seats between them. Most Japanese analysis believe it is only a matter of time before

the LDP harons put an end to this

unaccustomed spark of independence and restore internal order. Former Foreign Minister Shintaro Abe, a major faction leader tared with the recruit brush last year, is generally seen as the leading candidate to take over as

premie:. After the Feb. 18 elections. when recruit-linked candidates claimed to have been "washed clean" by winning voter support. many Western commentators were scathing about a system which enables a corruption-plagueo party to win 12 straight

lerms. One French newspaper called Japan 'a political dwarf'.

Kaift: Wednesday denied that re-election guaranteed absolution for legislators implicated in wrongdoing.

We have to retain the trust of the people, so we must continue with political reform," he told a news conference.

Having failed to defeat the LDP this month in a lacklustre. divided campaign, the opposition parties Wednesday unanimously poured scorn on Kaifu's second cabinet line-up.

Prague more in charge of fate

Czechoslovakia has greater control over its own destiny than for more than 50 years. President Vactav Havel said Wednesday.

"We are today a country that is truly sovereign, independent and respected and need not be airaid of any immediate threat," Havel told a news conference

"We need not be afraid we will be forced to capitulate in some matter, as we have done so often

Havel returned Tuesday from Moscow where an agreement was signed for the 73,500 Soviet soldiers in Czechoslovakia since the 1968 Warsaw Part invasion to

pall out. The withdrawal began Monday and will last until next year. "Since Munich, we have not heen as sovereign as we are now." Havel said, adding as a qualification that there were a number of links from the past that can't he broken overnight."

In September 1938, Czechosloakia was forced at the four-

PRAGUE (R) — With Soviet power Munich conference betroops on their way home, tween Britain, France, Germany tween Britain, France, Germany and italy to hand over territory clauned by Nazi Germany, Hitler nonetheless invaded Czechoslovakia on March 15, 1939 and rode triumoh through Prague.

Havei, whose first trip ahroad us president last month included a symbolic visit to Munich, will West German President Richard von Weizsaecker in Prague on the 51st anniversary of the

"I invented this date myself because it seemed very appropriate. I like symbols in politics," Havel said.

"Hitler came here as a messenget of war and violence and brough: horrors for the whole world...Mr. von Weizsaecker is a man of peace, a philosopher, a

Havel said the West German president's visit "should be the end of all we have experienced in the past, the signal that we are beginning to live with this important neighbour of ours in entirely new relations,

World news in erief Space shuttle launched after delays

CAPE CANAVERAL (R) - After five postponements due to had weather, illness and a computer problem, the U.S. space shuttle Atlantis finally thundered into space on a secret mission Wednesday with a crew of five military officers. The shuttle. reported to be carrying a spy satellite that would help check Soviet compliance with arms control treaties, took off at 2.50 a.m. (0750 GMT). "It looked good, " said U.S. Air Force spokesman Captain Marty Hauser after the launch, the fourth night liftoff in 34 shuttle flights. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) and the Defence Department planned to impose a news blackout on the mission until about one hour before it is scheduled to land. Previous military missions have lasted about four days. Launch officials expressed relief at the successful iaunch after the delays which cost NASA about \$3 million.

Exxon indicted over Alaska oil spill

WASHINGTON (R) - A federal grand jury in Alaska indicted Exxon Corp and its shioping subsidiary on five criminal charges in connection with last year's Alaskan oil spill, the worst in U.S. history. The indictment, announced in Washington by Attorney General Dick Thornburgh, means Exxon could face fines of at least \$640 million if convicted on all charges. The indictment was returned after lengthy negotiations between the Justice Department and the oil giant over a possible plea bargain collapsed. The supertunker Exxon Valdez ran aground on a reef in Alaska's France William Sound on March 24, 1989, spilling 11 million gallons (42 million litres) of oil. Exxon has already spent more than \$2 billion to clean up the spill that destroyed some 1,600

kilometres of coastline and killed thousands of animals.

U.S., EC pledge closer ties

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States and the European Community, confronted by an earthquake of change in Eastern Europe, have agreed to build up a much closer political relationship with twice-yearly summits. President George Bush, clearly eager to maintain U.S. influence in a fast-changing Europe, signalled a new era in Washington's dealings with the 12-nation Community after talks with Irish Prime Minister Charles Haughey. "The United States will remain a European power." Bush said after pledging to stage twice-venrly summits with the European leader currently heading the 12-nation Community. The post rotates every six months. Iteland is the present EC president and Haughey said after his turning-point talks with Bush: "We are building a broader bridge across the Atlantic." The two also agreed Tuesday that U.S. Secretary of State James Baker would stage talks every six months with the 12

release

MANILA (AP) — Attorneys for Sen. Juan Ponce Enrile asked the

suburban Quezon City.

lude to martial law. In a petition filed Wednesday.

had been schednled.

by the "people power" uprising

Enrile was défence minister

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Separatists in Soviet Lithuania aim to head off a possible Moscow veto on independence hy convening a meeting of their new parliament

A second round of voting in

elections originally set for March 10 has been brought forward by a week in 20 districts, the vicechairman of the electoral commission, Vaclavas Litvinas, said Wednesday. This enables parliament to

meet next week in advance of a session of the Soviet Union's supreme legislature, the Congress of People's Deputies, which is expected to give President Mikhail Gorbachev new powers that could be used to block moves to independence. In the first multi-party poll in

Soviet history last Saturday, candidates backed by the proindependence Sajudis movement swept the board in the first round of elections to the Lithuanian parliament. But in 51 districts no single

army is useless. That famous Ger-

Officers have left for West

man discipline has gone,'

another source said.

pate.

But the law stops short of legalising full private ownership of property by strictly forbidding the sale of land. Under the new

Germany and applied for admis-

sions in the 450,000-strong Bun-

German army falling apart —

their farms in the 1930s.

deswebr. The East German chief of staff, Lieutenant-General the 18-month period of compul-

With their country heading towards unification with West Germany after 40 years of discredited Communist rule and the Warsaw Pact no longer ruled with a rod of iron from Moscow, many East German soldiers ieel that the

East German Defence Minister

"That is not the case with East **Germany**, "

each day.

frontline states for both blocs and among the most heavily militansed areas in the world.